

Message Text

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PAGE 01 OTTAWA 02004 222235Z

62

ACTION EUR-25

INFO OCT-01 EA-11 ADP-00 PM-07 NSC-10 SS-15 RSC-01 CIAE-00

DODE-00 INR-10 NSAE-00 PA-03 USIA-15 PRS-01 IO-13

RSR-01 /113 W

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R 222213Z AUG 73

FM AMEMBASSY OTTAWA

TO SECSTATE WASHDC 1581

INFO AMEMBASSY CANBERRA

AMEMBASSY PARIS

AMEMBASSY WELLINGTON

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E.O. 11652: N/A

TAGS: PBOR, PARM, CA, FR

SUBJECT: FRENCH SEIZURE OF PROTEST SHIP GREENPEACE

1. EXTAFF FRANCE DESK OFFICER INFORMED EMBOFF THAT GOC CALLED IN FRENCH AMBASSADOR AUG 21 TO DELIVER VERBAL PROTEST OVER THE ALLEGED SEIZURE BY FRENCH SAILORS OF THE CANADIAN (PRIVATE) PROTEST SHIP GREENPEACE. THE GREENPEACE, WHICH GAINED ITS INITIAL FAME BY PROTESTING THE U.S. NUCLEAR TEST AT AMCHITKA, HAD SAILED TO THE SOUTH PACIFIC TO PROTEST FRANCE'S NUCLEAR TEST PROGRAM. THE GREENPEACE WAS ALLEGEDLY SEIZED BY FRENCH NAVY WHILE IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS NEAR THE TEST SITE. GREENPEACE CAPTAIN AND PROTEST ORGANIZER DAVID MCTAGGART WAS ALLEGEDLY TAKEN FROM HIS SHIP AND BEATEN BY FRENCH SAILORS. BRITISH COLUMBIA PREMIER DAVID BARRETT HAD CABLED PRIME MINISTER TRUDEAU AUG 20 WITH APPEAL THAT INCIDENT BE INVESTIGATED.

2. GOC PROTEST INCLUDED STRONG OBJECTION TO MANNER IN WHICH FRENCH AUTHORITIES REMOVED GREENPEACE FROM FRENCH "SECURITY ZONE." GOC ALSO PROTESTED VIOLATION
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PAGE 02 OTTAWA 02004 222235Z

OF FREEDOM OF THE SEAS INHERENT IN FRENCH USE OF

"SECURITY ZONES".
JOHNSON

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Message Attributes

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Message Text

PAGE 01 STATE 197070

12

ORIGIN EA-14

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DRAFTED BY EA/P:STAFF:EB

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FM SECSTATE WASHDC

TO AMEMBASSY SAIGON

INFO AMEMBASSY BANGKOK

AMEMBASSY CANBERRA

AMEMBASSY JAKARTA

AMEMBASSY MANILA

AMEMBASSY MOSCOW

AMEMBASSY PHNOM PENH

AMEMBASSY RANGOON

AMEMBASSY SEOUL

AMEMBASSY TAIPEI

AMEMBASSY TOKYO

AMEMBASSY VIENTIANE

AMEMBASSY WARSAW

AMEMBASSY WELLINGTON

AMCONSUL BIEN HOA

AMCONSUL CAN THO

AMCONSUL DANANG

AMCONSUL HONG KONG

AMCONSUL NHA TRANG

USDEL JEC PARIS

USLO PEKING

USSAG NAKHON PHANOM

CINCPAC HONOLULU HI

COGARD POLAD

UNCLAS STATE 197070

E.O. 11652:N/A

TAGS: PFOR, XC, US

SUBJECT: OCTOBER 3, 1973 PRESS SUMMARY

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PAGE 02 STATE 197070

INDOCHINA

1. GVN REPORTS COMMUNIST CEASEFIRE VIOLATIONS EXCEEDED
100 PER DAY FOR THE FIRST TIME IN THREE WEEKS, CLAIMS

VC/NVA MASSACRED OVER 200 AT LE MINH RANGER CAMP LAST WEEK (REUTER, WP). VC/NVA REPS WALK OUT OF TWO TRUCE MEETINGS, CALLING SITUATION "VERY TENSE" (NYDN, UPI). LATE REPORTS INDICATE WEEKEND CLASH NEAR SAIGON SET OFF BY ARVN ATTACK ON COMMUNIST ENCLAVE, CASUALTIES MAY DIFFER SIGNIFICANTLY FROM GVN FIGURES (NYT). NVN NEWS AGENCY PROESTS "NEW PROVOCATIVE ACTS" BY USN OFF NVN COAST (WP, AP). REPLACEMENT AMMUNITION PROVIDED VNAF SINCE CEASEFIRE SHOWS HIGHER CONSUMPTION THAN PREVIOUSLY REPORTED (NYT). EX-GVN PRISON DOCTOR CONFIRMS BEATINGS OF 17 "POLITICAL PRISONERS"; GVN SPOKESMAN SAYS GUARDS MUST KEEP ORDER, ADMONISHES REPORTERS TO "REMEMBER ATTICA" (SUN).

2. CLASHES CONTINUE ALL AROUND PP. GKR REPORTS SPORADIC FIGHTING EIGHT MILES SOUTH IN AREA WHERE KI HAVE BUILT UP FROM 2 TO 6 BNS (AP, WP). FANK COLUMN STALLED TRYING TO RELIEVE VIHEAR SUOR; 10 KI AND THREE GKR SOLDIERS KILLED IN SHARP CLASH (AP, WP; UPI). FIELD REPORTS SAY FANK

SOLDIERS LEFT POSITIONS 33 MILES WEST OF PP ON ROUTE 4 BECAUSE NOT PAID IN TWO MONTHS; NUMBER IS VARIOUSLY GIVEN AS 60 BY AP (WP), AND 100 BY UPI; GKR HAS NO COMMENT.

3. GKR SAYS FANK FORCES AT KOMPONG CHAM ARE STILL MOVING TOWARD SURROUNDED AIRPORT. KI RING AROUND AIRPORT IS ONLY AREA OF ENEMY RESISTANCE LEFT AT KOMPONG CHAM (AP, WP).

4. LAOS EDGES CLOSER TO PEACE. AP (WP) AND CSM REPORT THAT RLG AND PL HAVE NAMED 14-MAN COMMISSION TO OVERSEE POW EXCHANGE, ARRIVAL OF PL TROOPS IN VIENTIANE AND LUANG PRABANG, AND REFUGEE RESETTLEMENT. UPI (NYDN) SAYS THAT RLG AND PL CHOSE CO-CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEE TO IMPLEMENT TERMS OF FEB. C-F AND SEPT. PEACE PROTOCOL AS STEP UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 03 STATE 197070

TOWARD COALITION GOVERNMENT FORMATION.

CHINA

5. IN UNGA POLICY ADDRESS, CHIAO KUAN-HUA TUESDAY DEPLORED "GREAT DISORDER THROUGHOUT THE WORLD," QUESTIONED REALITY OF DETENTE, FLAYED US AND -- FOR FIRST TIME -- UN; HOWEVER, STRONGEST CRITICISM WAS LEVELED AT SOVIET (NYDN; WP'S ASTRACHAN; NYT'S ALDEN). CHIAO CHALLENGED SOVIETS TO WITHDRAW TROOPS FROM CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND MONGOLIA AND RETURN NORTHERN ISLANDS TO JAPAN; ALSO CHARGED THAT SOVIE'S REVIVAL OF "LONG-IGNORED TRASH KNOWN AS THE ASIAN COLLECTIVE SECURITY SY TEM" SOUNDED AS IF GHOST OF DULLES HAD GONE TO MOSCOW

(ASTRACHAN). NYDN NOTES LOW-RANKING SOVIET OFFICIAL HEARD CHIAO'S SPEECH; SOVIET DIPLOMAT EXPLAINED "SLANDER AGAINST OUR GOVERNMENT" WAS ANTICIPATED.

6. TORONTO GLOBE & MAIL'S BURNS, IN PEKING, REPORTS CHINA HAS BEEN CELEBRATING 24TH ANNIVERSARY IN "RELAXED AND UNSPECTACULAR FASHION" THAT HAS BEEN FORM SINCE NATIONAL DAY PARADE WAS ABANDONED TWO YEARS AGO. POLITICALLY IT WAS "AN UNDERSTATED DAY,- WITH HIGHER TRADITIONAL CONTENT THAN IN RECENT YEARS AND GREATER EMPHASIS ON ESSENTIALLY NON-POLITICAL ARTS, SUCH AS CONJURING AND SWORD-DANCING. EVEN TRADITIONAL EDITORIAL HAILING ANNIVERSARY "REINFORCED THE MOOD OF RELAXATION BY STRESSING THE THEMES OF CONTINUITY AND CONSOLIDATION" IN NATION'S POLITICAL LIFE. DIPLOMATS CONSIDERED ESPECIALLY SIGNIFICANT EDITORIAL'S EMPHASIS ON IMPORTANCE OF PARTY UNITY (CSM).

7. CARTER (NYDN) SAYS IN VIEW OF MOST ON WASHINGTON COCKTAIL PARTY CIRCUIT, MONDAY'S PRCLO'S LAVISH NATIONAL DAY RECEPTION, ATTENDED BY GUESTS FROM ALL OVER US, MARKED ACCEPTANCE OF PEKING AND DEMISE OF GRC AS CHINA'S LEGITIMATE GOVERNMENT. NOTES MRS. BRUCE WAS SURPRISE GUEST, WHILE HER HUSBAND AT PEKING RECEPTION WAS LISTED BY NCNA AHEAD OF ALL OTHER FOREIGN DIPLOMATS, INDICATING UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 04 STATE 197070

IMPORTANCE PRC ATTACHES TO NEW TIES WITH US. FOR ALL PRACTICAL PURPOSES, USLO AND PRCLO ARE DIPLOMATIC MISSIONS. MEANWHILE, THE ONCE-CLOSE US-GRC TIE HAS BEEN FRAYING SINCE PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO PEKING. AMB. SHEN'S PARTY FOR ROC 62ND ANNIVERSARY "EXPECTED TO BE MUCH SMALLER AFFAIR."

8. S-N'S BILLINGTON (OCT. 2) COVERS PRCLO'S NATIONAL DAY RECEPTION AT MAYFLOWER; SAYS 2,000 INVITED. PRES. AND SECRETARY WERE NOT AMONG ATTENDEES, BUT HAK, WHO WILL RETURN TO PEKING LATE THIS MONTH, MET WITH HUANG CHEN WITHIN PAST FEW DAYS. DEPUTY SECRETARY WAS DOS' RANKING GUEST. SURPRISE GUEST WAS MRS. BRUCE, WHO ARRIVED SEPT. 30 FOR TWO-WEEK VISIT. THERE WERE A FEW "TAIWANESE", LIKE ONE WHO PREFERRED TO REMAIN UNIDENTIFIED BECAUSE "MY PARENTS WORK FOR THE OTHER GOVERNMENT, AND IT IS BETTER TO BE DISCREET." MANY MEMBERS OF THE REUNIFICATION OF CHINA COMMITTEE AND US-CHINA PEOPLE'S FRIENDSHIP ASSOCIATION REPORTEDLY ATTENDED. NEWSMEN, LEGISLATORS, WH AIDES ALSO PRESENT, BUT NO FOREIGN DIPLOMATS INVITED.

9. JOC'S FULLER REPORTS NY CONFERENCE LAST WEEK SPONSORED BY NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR US-CHINA TRADE TO REVIEW FRUSTRATIONS FACING US BUSINESSMEN SEEKING TRADE

CONTACTS IN CHINA AND POTENTIALS FOR INCREASED COMMERCIAL RELATIONSHIPS. CONCLUSION WAS THAT AT TIMES IT'S EASIER TO REACH (TEMPLE OF) "HEAVEN" THAN OBTAIN APPOINTMENT WITH CHINESE TRADE NEGOTIATORS IN PEKING. COUNCIL'S DEPUTY EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR THEROUX SAID WORD "HURRY" IS NOT IN CHINESE VOCABULARY, AND CHINESE ARE "ABSOLUTELY OVERWHELMED" BY CORRESPONDENCE FROM US BUSINESSMEN AND LACK ADMINISTRATIVE CAPACITY TO HANDLE INQUIRIES. IN CHINA, AMERICANS HAVE TO WAIT DAYS OR WEEKS TO OBTAIN APPOINTMENTS. IN THEROUX'S CASE, CHINESE SUGGESTED HE VISIT TEMPLE OF HEAVEN WHILE AWAITING APPOINTMENTS. COUNCIL WORKING TO BECOME "INTERFACE" BETWEEN US BUSINESSMEN AND CANTON FAIR OFFICIALS. THEROUX NOTED CHINESE ARE NOT ALWAYS AWARE OF CULTURAL DIFFERENCES REGARDING MARKETING OF PRODUCTS IN US, CITING, AS EXAMPLE, CHINESE BATTERIES WITH TRADE NAME "WHITE UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 05 STATE 197070

ELEPHANTS" AND BICYCLES NAMED "FLYING PIGEONS."

10. REUTER'S SHARP, IN PEKING, SAYS QUESTION ASKED WITH INCREASING FREQUENCY AMONG BUSINESSMEN AND DIPLOMATS THERE ABOUT MAJOR BUYING SPREE LAUNCHED WITH WEST OVER PAST YEAR BY PRC FOREIGN TRADE CORPORATIONS IS: HOW WILL CHINESE PAY FOR IT ALL? OBSERVES THAT CHINESE OFFICIALS HAVE BEGUN TALKING FOR FIRST TIME ABOUT POSSIBILITY OF FINANCING IMPORTS BY SYSTEM OF "DEFERRED PAYMENTS". BUT CHINESE REMAIN FAIRLY HESITANT ABOUT NEW SYSTEM AND HAVE ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS REVERTED BACK TO CASH PAYMENTS AFTER FINDING DEFERRED PAYMENT TERMS UNSUITABLE.

11. PRC ISSUES REPORT ON ENVIRONMENT, SAYING IT IS FIGHTING POLLUTION, BUILDING WASTE DISPOSAL PLANTS AND IMPROVING QUALITY OF LIFE (REUTER, CHITRIB).

12. CHINESE AUTHOR HAN SUYIN (OF ALL PEOPLE) CONTENDS SEXUAL ABSTINENCE HAS NOT CAUSED INSANITY OR PSYCHOSES IN CHINA. SAYS SELF-CONTROL BEFORE MARRIAGE MESHES IN WITH "PROLETARIAN MORALITY" IN CHINA WHERE THERE IS NO PROSTITUTION, VENEREAL DISEASE OR PORNOGRAPHIC FILMS. CITING CHINESE ASTONISHMENT THAT VISITORS ASK IF ABSTINENCE HAS DETRIMENTAL EFFECTS, HAN QUOTES GANDHI REMARK THAT MANY IN WORLD HAVE DIED OF HUNGER, "BUT NO ONE HAS AS YET DIED OF SELF-CONTROL" (REUTER).

JAPAN

13. GEORGE VINE (REUTER FROM BONN) REPORTS TANAKA'S EXPECTED ARRIVAL. TANAKA-BRANDT TALKS TO CENTER ON TRADE POLICY. BUT BRANDT VIEWS VISIT AS OPPORTUNITY FOR FULL EXCHANGE OF VIEWS ON WORLD AFFAIRS IN LIGHT OF CURRENT

EFFORTS TO ACHIEVE DETENTE IN EUROPE. AMONG SUBJECTS
LIKELY TO BE RAISED BY JAPANESE IS JOINT EXPLOITATION OF
SIBERIAN OIL DEPOSITS.

14. CSM'S SAIKOWSKI NOTES DIFFERENCES IN US AND WE
APPROACH ON HOW TO LINK JAPAN IN BROAD DECLARATION OF
PRINCIPLES WHICH WOULD PROCLAIM A NEW KIND OF TRIANGULAR
UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 06 STATE 197070

RELATIONSHIP AMONG NON-COMMUNIST INDUSTRIAL NATIONS.
OBSERVES WE OBJECTING TO INCLUSION OF JAPAN IN DECLARATION
NOW BEING HAMMERED OUT BETWEEN NINE EC MEMBERS AND US ON
GROUNDS EC HAS ITS OWN IDENTITY AND ITS OWN TIES WITH US.
ITS RELATIONSHIP WITH JAPAN IS EC'S OWN BUSINESS AND
WASHINGTON SHOULD NOT DICTATE HOW EUROPEANS ARE TO
DEFINE THAT RELATIONSHIP. THERE IS ALSO PROBLEM OF STYLE.
ANY DECLARATION BETWEEN THE NINE AND US WILL HAVE SUCH
CONCEPTS AS "COMMON HERITAGE," AND IT WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE
TO FIT JAPAN INTO SUCH LANGUAGE. WE DIPLOMATS SAY

EUROPEANS ARE OPEN TO NEGOTIATING A SEPARATE DOCUMENT
WHICH JAPANESE COULD SIGN, AND US APPARENTLY WILLING TO
ACCEPT THIS POSITION.

15. CSM'S OKA IN LONDON SAYS TANAKA UNDERScored URGENCY
OF JAPAN'S SEARCH FOR RAW MATERIALS - PARTICULARLY OIL -
WHEN HE TOLD OCT. 2 PRESS LUNCHEON THAT JAPAN WANTED TO
PARTICIPATE IN DEVELOPMENT OF NORTH SEA OIL FIELDS.
TANAKA REPORTEDLY TOLD UK OFFICIALS THAT JAPANESE
INTEREST IN NORTH SEA STEMS NOT FROM ANY EXPECTATION OF
GETTING NORTH SEA OIL FOR THEMSELVES. JAPAN HOPES,
RATHER, FOR SWAP ARRANGEMENTS WHICH WOULD MAKE IT
POSSIBLE TO BE REPAID BY OBTAINING CRUDE OIL FROM BP'S
FIELDS CLOSER O JAPAN. AT HIS PRESS LUNCHEON, TANAKA
SAID HE ENVISIONED EXTENDING SUCH SWAP ARRANGEMENTS TO A
WIDE VARIETY OF OTHER JOINT VENTURES.

16. UPI TOKYO (JOC) REPORTS THAT TWO ECON SURVEYS
RELEASED OCT. 2 PREDICTED DOWNTURN IN JAPAN'S DOMESTIC
BOOM BY NEXT MARCH.

17. REPORT FROM TOKYO THAT GAIMUSHO IS WORKING OUT
PLANS TO STATION "OIL ATTACHES" IN MAJOR OIL-PRODUCING
AND CONSUMING COUNTRIES STARTING NEXT YEAR. CITES
GAIMUSHO AS SAYING IT WAS CONSIDERING SPONSORING AN
INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON PETROLEUM PROBLEMS IN
TOKYO NEXT YEAR. JOC REPORTS FROM TOKYO THAT JAPAN HAS
ADOPTED A BASIC 4-POINT EMERGENCY PROGRAM TO COMBAT
MOUNTING INFLATION.

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PAGE 07 STATE 197070

18. JOC'S CULLISON IN TOKYO SAYS JAPANESE REQUIREMENTS FOR FOOD, FUELS AND INDUSTRIAL RAW MATERIALS TO POSE SERIOUS PROBLEM BY 1980. JAPAN'S IMPORTERS OF THESE COMMODITIES NOW HAVE CONTRACTS AND COMMITMENTS FOR SOMETHING LESS THAN 10 PERCENT OF NEEDS SEVEN YEARS FROM NOW. MITI OFFICIAL SAYS SITUATION WILL IMPROVE AS NEW CONTRACTS ARE SIGNED AND NEW ORDERS PLACED IN YEARS TO COME.

19. NYT'S SCHONBERG IN TOKYO WRITES ABOUT TOKYO'S SEVEN SYMPHONY ORCHESTRAS, THREE OF WHICH ENJOY SEPARATE SUPPORT FROM NHK, YOMIURI, AND THE CITY.

KOREA

20. RIOT POLICE TUESDAY BROKE UP SK'S FIRST CAMPUS DEMONSTRATION IN TWO YEARS, DETAINING ABOUT 200 STUDENTS. ABOUT 400 STUDENTS STAGED PROTESTS ON SEOUL NATIONAL U CAMPUS DEMANDING END TO WHAT THEY CALLED FASCIST GOVT. SUPPORTED BY SECRET POLICE (UPI, NYDN). NYT'S HALLORAN, IN SEOUL, REPORTS THAT DURING TWO-HOUR DEMONSTRATION STUDENTS ALSO DEMANDED PEOPLE BE GIVEN TRUTH ABOUT KIM DAE JUNG CASE, AND CHANTED THAT THEY KNEW KCIA HAD AB-UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 08 STATE 197070

DUCTED KIM. ABOUT 500 UNIFORMED AND PLAINCLOTHES POLICEMEN FINALLY BROKE UP DEMONSTRATIONS; UNKNOWN NUMBER INJURED BY POLICE CLUBBING AND KICKING, BUT WITNESSES ESTIMATED ABOUT 150 ARRESTED AND 50 OTHERS DRAGGED FROM CAMPUS. STUDENTS CONTEND DEMONSTRATION ORGANIZED BY THEMSELVES, NOT BY UNDERGROUND ORGANIZATION; SAID THEY EXPECTED ONLY 50 - 60 FOR RALLY THAT WAS TO END QUICKLY, BUT SITUATION GOT OUT OF HAND WHEN MORE SHOWED UP THAN EXPECTED.

,O.A. SOUTHERLAND, IN SEOUL, TERMS STUDENT DEMONSTRATION "SMALL ONE BY KOREAN STANDARDS," BUT SAYS DIPLOMATS, JOURNALISTS AND KCIA PAID CAREFUL ATTENTION" BECAUSE OF TROUBLE STUDENTS HAVE CAUSED PAST SK GOVERNMENTS. SAYS GIVEN MARTIAL-LAW CLAMP ON UNIVERSITIES, REMARKABLE THING IS THAT TUESDAY'S DEMONSTRATION OCCURRED AT ALL (CSM).

ANZ

21. IN WEDNESDAY STATEMENT, KIRK ANNOUNCED NZ HAS PROTESTED TO FRANCE SEIZURE OF ANTI-NUCLEAR PROTEST YACHT "GREENPEACE III" AUG. 15. SAYS WHILE SOME CONFLICTING EVIDENCE ABOUT WHAT HAPPENED AFTER CRAFT WAS BOARDED, NO DISPUTE THAT INCIDENT OCCURRED ON HIGH SEAS AND THAT

BOARDERS USED FORCE TO TAKE SHIP AND CREW TO FRENCH

TERRITORY (REUTER).

22. SYDNEY AIRPORT CLOSED DOWN COMPLETELY FOR FIRST TIME IN 39 YEARS WHEN VITAL COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT BROKE DOWN FOLLOWING STRIKE BY RADIO TECHNICIANS (REUTER).

23. WOODSIDE BURMAH OIL COMPANY, IN ITS HALF-YEARLY REPORT, SAYS GOA WILL BLOCK IT FROM EXPORTING GAS AND OIL FROM NW SHELF CONCESSION; CONTENTS GOVT. PLANS TAKE ALL PRODUCTION OF ENERGY AT WELLHEAD AND WILL ITSELF DIRECT AND CONTROL ALL DOWNSTREAM ACTIVITIES (JOC).

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 09 STATE 197070

24. GOA MAINTAINS SILENCE ON REPORTS, BUT SOURCES CLOSE TO MINERALS AND ENERGY MINISTRY SAY THEY ARE TRUE. OIL INDUSTRY SOURCES SAY MOVE IS IN LINE WITH WHAT THEY HAD EXPECTED FROM LABOR GOVT. WITH INVESTMENT OF CAPITAL HAZARDOUS, OIL COMPANIES ARE SEEKING CLEARER PICTURE OF GOVT. INTENTIONS (REUTER).

25. AFTER NINE FUTILE MONTHS, NO SUCCESS IN AUSSIE SEARCH FOR NEW ANTHEM TO REPLACE "GOD SAVE THE QUEEN" DESPITE 1,300 PROPOSALS. POLLS SAY "ADVANCE AUSTRALIA FAIR" RUNNING SLIGHTLY AHEAD OF "WALTZING MATILDA" (REUTER'S JONES).

26. PRIMARY INDUSTRY MINISTER ANNOUNCES AUSTRALIAN WHEAT CROP THIS YEAR SHOULD REACH RECORD 450 MILLION BUSHELS, DOUBLE LAST YEAR'S (JOC).

PHILIPPINES

27. MARCOS SAID TUESDAY THAT INDOCHINA WAR HAS TAUGHT HIM NEVER TO ALLOW FOREIGN TROOPS HELP PHILS FIGHT INTERNAL WARS. ADDRESSING GATHERING OF CIVIC LEADERS, DECLARED GOP INTENDS FIGHTING ANY FUTURE CIVIL WARS ALONE AND THAT VN, LAOS, CAMBODIA "PROVED" HIS DECISION WAS WISE POLICY (UPI, NYDN).

INDONESIA

28. CSM'S LEONARD, IN JAKARTA, REPORTS INDONESIANS MAKING HEADWAY WITH BIRTH-CONTROL PROGRAM. GREATEST SUCCESS IN AGRICULTURAL EAST AND CENTRAL JAVA, WHERE POPULATION CONCENTRATION IS HEAVIEST. LOCAL GOVT. OFFICIALS HAVE RALLIED TO CAUSE OF POPULATION CONTROL WITH FERVOR, AND IN MANY AREAS IT HAS BECOME COMMUNITY RATHER THAN INDIVIDUAL DECISION TO PRACTICE BIRTH CONTROL.

COMMENT AND ANALYSIS

29. ALSOP EXPLAINS (BUT NOT VERY CLEARLY) WHY HE
NIGHTLY GOES TO BED PRAYING THAT EVENTS MAY PROVE HIM
UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 10 STATE 197070

CRAZY". HE SEES YOUNG HARD-LINE SOVIET MILITARY LEADERS
EDGING TOWARD NUCLEAR CAST ATION OF CHINA, BUT CHOICE IS
STILL OPEN FOR ROAD OF DEVELOPMENT OF PEACEFUL TECHNOLOGY
THROUGH DETENTE WITH US. IF CHOICE IS ATTACK ON CHINA,
IT WOULD BE START OF LARGER PROCESS OF USING MILITARY
POWER IN OTHER AREAS LIKE PERSIAN GULF. DETERRENCE OF
MILITARY OPTION IS VITAL US INTEREST, AND ALSOP FAVORS US
PROVISION OF CREDITS AND TECHNOLOGY TO USSR TO STRENGTHEN
HANDS OF THOSE WHO OPPOSE MILITARY ROAD. BUT JACKSON
AMENDMENT MAY PROVE CRIPPLING TO THIS COMPLEX US POLICY
(WP, SUN).

30. NYT'S SULZBERGER IN PEKING CONSIDERS CHINESE REVOLU-
TION MOST IMPORTANT CONSEQUENCE OF WWII AS RUSSIAN REVOLU-
TION WAS MAJOR RESULT OF WWI. MAO'S TWO BIG INNOVATIONS
WERE DECISION TO BASE CHINA'S SOCIETY ON PEASANTS RATHER
THAN TECHNICIANS, WORKERS OR TRADITIONAL INTELLECTUALS,
AND ACCEPTANCE OF NEED FOR PERMANENT REVOLUTION, RENEWING
ITSELF BY IRREGULAR PULSE. LATTER IS A MOST RADICAL
THESIS, TRANSCENDING, ACCORDING TO SULZBERGER, JEFFERSON'S
UNTESTED BELIEF THAT THE TREE OF REVOLUTION MUST FROM TIME
TO TIME REFRESH ITSELF WITH THE BLOOD OF TYRANTS. MAO
ANTICIPATES THAT VICTORIOUS REVOLUTIONS CREATE THEIR OWN
FAVORED, GOVERNING ELITE AND HAS DETERMINED THAT WHENEVER
NECESSARY, EACH SUCCESSIVE NEW CLASS MUST BE UPROOTED AND
DISCARDED. OBSERVES THAT CHINA IS THIS WEEK "CELEBRATING
A MIDSTREAM HIATUS ALONG AN ALMOST ENDLESS DO-IT-YOURSELF
REVOLUTION, CONSCIOUS THAT CEASELESS MOVEMENT CARRIES
WITHIN IT THE RISK OF CEASELESS INSTABILITY, BUT ALSO
CONSCIOUS THAT THIS IS THE PRICE OF PROGRESS ON A SCALE
THE WORLD HAS NOT HITHERTO KNOWN."

31. FROM BANGKOK, WILLIAM RUSH (SUN, PHINQ) WRITES THAT
PP IS NOT FALLING IN ACCORD WITH SCENARIO PRESCRIBED BY
LIBERAL DOOMSAYERS. THOSE WHO HAVE STEADFASTLY OPPOSED
COMMUNIST DRIVE TO CONQUER SEA CAN TAKE HEART AT RECENT
TURN OF EVENTS IN CAMBODIA- REFERRING TO SIHANOUK CHARGE
THAT NVN AND CHINA HAVE CUT OFF AMMO FOR HIS FORCES I
CAMBODIA, AND THAT USSR AND US ARE IN LEAGUE TO FORCE HIM
INTO COALITION GOVERNMENT WITH THE "TRAITORS", RUSH
WONDERS WHAT PRICE THE PRES. AND HAK HAD TO PAY FOR SUCH
UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 11 STATE 197070

COOPERATION. THINKS ANSWER IS ALMOST CERTAINLY AN UGLY
ONE.

3.. LAT'S MCARTHUR (OCT. 2) IN SAIGON DESCRIBES ROLLER SKATING CRAZE WHICH EXPLODED IN SVN SIX MONTHS AGO AND EVAPORATED JUST AS RAPIDLY LEAVING IN ITS WAKE UNTOLD BRUISES, BROKEN BONES, AND SHATTERED GET-RICH-QUICK DREAMS ON PART OF SKATING RINK ENTREPRENEURS. ERUPTION WAS A SOCIAL AND BUSINESS PHENOMENON WHICH CAUGHT VIETNAMESE TOTALLY UNPREPARED.

33. KIRK (CHITRIB) REPORTS FROM HK THAT SIHANOUK IS DISILLUSIONED WITH PRC, HIS HOST OF PAST THREE YEARS; CITES RECENT INTERVIEWS IN PEKING IN WHICH PRINCE GAVE LACK OF ARMS AND AMMO AS REASON FOR KI FAILURE TO TAKE KOMPONG CHAM AND ADMITTED THAT IF SUPPLIES CONTINUE TO BE DENIED, KI WILL NOT TAKE PP. SIHANOUK PRIMARILY BLAMED DETENTE FOR GROWING PRC AND NVN DISINTEREST. KIRK SAYS DIPLOMATIC ANALYSTS SUPPORT PRINCE'S VIEW OF CHANGING PRC ATTITUDE AND ATTRIBUTE IT TO HAK SUCCESS IN GETTING INDO-CHINA COMPROMISE IN EXCHANGE FOR INCREASED US-PRC CONTACTS. ADDITIONALLY, PRC NOW LESS OPTIMISTIC OF GKR IMMINENT COLLAPSE; EXPECTS LONG, DRAWN-OUT WAR AND MAY FEAR RESUMPTION OF US BOMBING IF PP SEEMS ABOUT TO FALL. PRC MAY PREFER COMPROMISE C-F AS IN VN OR LAOS, BUT SIHANOUK REJECTS IDEA SINCE THAT MIGHT WELL BREAK UP REBEL MOVEMENT OR DIVIDE CAMBODIA; SAYS KI WILL KEEP FIGHTING FOR "ANOTHER 30 OR EVEN 100 YEARS".

34. NYT'S SCHANBERG IN ARTICLE DATELINED KL SEP. 18 DESCRIBES MALAYSIA AS MAKING GREAT STRIDES IN EVERYTHING BUT RELATIONS BETWEEN MALAYS AND CHINESE. GOM HAS PROGRAMS TO UPGRADE POSITION OF MALAYS VIS-A-VIS ECONOMICALLY-DOMINANT CHINESE. THERE HAS BEEN PROGRESS TOWARD RACIAL HARMONY, BUT MOVEMENT HAS BEEN EXCEEDINGLY SLOW AND ANIMOSITIES STILL CLOSE TO SURFACE. ON FOREIGN POLICY, SCHANBERG OBSERVES THAT MALAYSIA IS PROPONENT OF NONALIGNMENT AND "NEUTRALIZATION" OF SEA, BUT IS HEADING TOWARD DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH CHINA SLOWLY BECAUSE OF UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 12 STATE 197070

MALAY FEARS OF CHINESE "FIFTH COLUMN". ONE OBSTACLE TO EARLY RECOGNITION IS LOW-LEVEL COMMUNIST INSURGENCIES INVOLVING CHINESE - ANOTHER FACTOR COMPLICATING THE RACIAL PROBLEM. TO KEEP RACIAL PRESSURES UNDER CONTROL, GOM DIRECTS THE PRESS NOT TO WRITE ANYTHING THAT MIGHT AROUSE COMMUNALISM- BUT GENERALLY THE CLIMATE OF CRITICISM IS FREER THAN IN SINGAPORE, WHERE MEANINGFUL DISSENT IS FORBIDDEN AND POLITICAL LIFE IS RIGIDLY CONTROLLED.

RUSH

UNCLASSIFIED

<< END OF DOCUMENT >>

Message Attributes

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Executive Order: N/A
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Review Authority: willialc
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Review Date: 08 AUG 2001
Review Event:
Review Exemptions: n/a
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Review Markings:

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30 JUN 2005

Review Media Identifier:
Review Referrals: n/a
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Review Release Event: n/a
Review Transfer Date:
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TAGS: PFOR, XC, US
To: SAIGON INFO BANGKOK
CANBERRA
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TOKYO
VIENTIANE
WARSAW
WELLINGTON
BIEN HOA
CAN THO
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NHA TRANG
JEC PARIS
PEKING
USSAG NAKHON PHANOM
CINCPAC HONOLULU HI
COGARD POLAD

Type: TE

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Message Text

CONFIDENTIAL

PAGE 01 PARIS 14058 101845Z

40

ACTION EUR-25

INFO OCT-01 EA-11 ISO-00 EURE-00 PM-07 SS-20 IO-14 L-03

PRS-01 SCI-06 INRE-00 CIAE-00 INR-10 NSAE-00 RSC-01

DODE-00 NSC-07 NSCE-00 AEC-11 AECE-00 ACDA-19 DRC-01

SP-03 PA-04 USIE-00 EB-11 TRSE-00 SAJ-01 DLOS-07

COME-00 CG-00 DOTE-00 SSO-00 /163 W

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O R 101835Z JUN 74

FM AMEMBASSY PARIS

TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 9800

INFO AMEMBASSY CANBERRA

AMEMBASSY SUVA

AMEMBASSY WELLINGTON

USMISSION NATO

USMISSION USUN

C O N F I D E N T I A L PARIS 14058

E.O. 11652: GDS

TAGS: MCAP, FR

SUBJECT: FRENCH NUCLEAR TESTS

1. BEGIN SUMMARY: FRENCH HAVE DECLARED EXTENSIVE "SECURITY ZONE" AROUND THEIR NUCLEAR TEST SITE IN SOUTH PACIFIC. THEY HAVE ALSO ANNOUNCED THAT THEY EXPECT THIS SERIES OF ATMOSPHERIC NUCLEAR TESTS TO BE THEIR LAST. END SUMMARY.

2. ACCORDING TO THE JOURNAL OFFICIEL OF JUNE 8, 1974, THE GOF WILL SUSPEND MARITIME NAVIGATION IN A "SECURITY ZONE" ESTABLISHED AROUND THE ISLAND OF MURUROA, IN FRANCE'S SOUTH PACIFIC NUCLEAR TESTING AREA. THE "SECURITY ZONE" WILL TAKE EFFECT AT MIDNIGHT GREENWICH TIME, THE NIGHT OF JUNE 10-11 AND CONTINUE UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE. THE "SECURITY ZONE" EXTENDS 60 NAUTICAL MILES
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PAGE 02 PARIS 14058 101845Z

AROUND MURUROA AND ITS 12-MILE TERRITORIAL SEA. FRENCH

MILITARY AUTHORITIES ARE AUTHORIZED BY THE DECREE TO TAKE THE ACTIONS NECESSARY TO SAFEGUARD THE SECURITY OF SHIPS AND CREWS WITHIN THE AREA. ALTHOUGH NOT SPECIFICALLY CITED BY THE DECREE, WE ASSUME THIS COULD INVOLVE SEIZING AND EXPELLING SHIPS THAT ENTER THE ZONE. COPY OF DECREE POUCHED EUR/WE.

3. LAST YEAR FRANCE IMPOSED SIMILAR RESTRICTIONS, GOING BEYOND THE NORMAL NOTICES TO NAVIGATORS AND TO PILOTS, WHICH LED TO INCIDENTS INVOLVING FRENCH SEIZURE OF TWO BOATS (GREENPEACE AND FRI).

4. IN RELATED DEVELOPMENT, THE ELYSEE ANNOUNCED ON JUNE 8 THAT THIS YEAR'S ATMOSPHERIC NUCLEAR TESTS AT MURUROA ARE EXPECTED TO BE THE LAST ("SERONT NORMALEMENT LES DERNIERS DE CE TYPE"). FRANCE, SAID THE ANNOUNCEMENT, WILL BE ABLE TO MOVE TO UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR TESTING AS SOON AS THIS YEAR'S SERIES IS OVER. AT THE END OF THE JUNE 10 CABINET MEETING, THE GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN ALSO ANNOUNCED THAT GISCARD HAD CANCELLED ONE OF THE TEST SHOTS SCHEDULED FOR THIS SUMMER'S SERIES, CITING THE NEED TO "RATIONALIZE" EXPENDITURES CONCERNING NUCLEAR DEFENSE.

5. COMMENT: WHILE GOF IS NOT LOOKING FOR ENCOUNTER WITH NUCLEAR TESTING PROTESTERS, WE HAVE NO DOUBT THAT FRENCH WILL TAKE ACTION TO MEET POSSIBLE REPETITION OF GREENPEACE/FRI PROBLEMS IN "SECURITY ZONE" IF THAT SEEMS NECESSARY. WE ASSUME THAT ANNOUNCEMENT OF "SECURITY ZONE" MEANS THAT FRENCH NUCLEAR TESTS ARE LIKELY TO BEGIN VERY SOON. ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THIS SERIES OF TESTS SHOULD BE THE LAST ATMOSPHERIC TESTING BY FRANCE, AS WELL AS ANNOUNCEMENT THAT ONE TEST OF SERIES HAS ALREADY BEEN CANCELLED, SHOULD AID GOF IN FENDING OFF CRITICISM (DOMESTIC AND INTERNATIONAL) OF FRENCH NUCLEAR TESTING. MOREOVER, BY CANCELLING ONE TEST, GISCARD MAY BE SEEKING TO DEMONSTRATE TO FRENCH THAT DEFENSE SPENDING IS NOT COMPLETELY IMMUNE TO BUDGET CUTTER'S KNIFE AS HE MOVES TO DEAL WITH FRANCE'S ECONOMIC PROBLEMS. SOME GAULLISTS, HOWEVER, MAY SEE IN CANCELLED TEST EVIDENCE THAT GISCARD

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PAGE 03 PARIS 14058 101845Z

INTENDS TO CUT INTO FINANCING OF FRANCE'S NUCLEAR FORCE, AND VOICE THEIR CONCERN. DOMESTIC POLITICAL INCIDENT INVOLVING SERVAN-SCHREIBER'S PUBLIC OBJECTION JUNE 9 TO FRENCH NUCLEAR TESTS, AND HIS SUBSEQUENT DISMISSAL FROM FRENCH CABINET COVERED SEPTEL.
IRWIN

CONFIDENTIAL

NNN

Message Text

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 01 TOKYO 06876 280711Z

17

ACTION COA-02

INFO OCT-01 EA-11 ISO-00 COME-00 EPA-04 CEQ-02 L-03 IO-14

SCI-06 INT-08 SMI-01 DODE-00 CIAE-00 INR-10 NSAE-00

RSC-01 EUR-25 PA-04 PRS-01 USIA-15 DRC-01 /109 W

----- 055698

R 280531Z MAY 74

FM AMEMBASSY TOKYO

TO SECSTATE WASHDC 2144

UNCLAS TOKYO 6876

E.O. 11652: N/A

TAGS: EFIS, JA, UR, SENV, TBIO, OCON

SUBJECT: INTERNATIONAL WHALING COMMISSION: JAPANESE PRESS COVERAGE
ON WHALING ISSUE

REF: TOKYO 6685

PASS DR. ROBERT WHITE, ADMINISTRATOR, NOAA, DOC, AND ROBERT SCHONING,
DIRECTOR, NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE, NOAA

SUMMARY: JAPANESE NEWSPAPERS HAVE GIVEN EXTENSIVE COVERAGE TO
WHALING ISSUE FOLLOWING ARRIVAL OF NOAA TEAM ARON AND FOX ON
MAY 16 AND OF JOAN MCINTYRE, PROJECT JOHAN, ON MAY 17.
TRANSLATIONS OF ARTICLES APPEARING IN JAPANESE TRADE JOURNALS AND
CLIPPINGS FROM ENGLISH EDITIONS FOLLOWS. GIST OF ARTICLES.
END SUMMARY.

A. SUISEN TSUSHIN, MAY 18, IN DESCRIBING MEETINGS HELD BETWEEN GOJ
AND USG OFFICIALS ON MAY 16-17, CLAIMED TWO SIDES WERE NOT ABLE TO
COME CLOSER TOGETHER ON OUTSTANDING ISSUES. VISIT OF ARON AND FOX
DESCRIBED BY SUISEN TSUSHIN AS NOTHING MORE THAN EXPLAINING POLITICAL
MANEUVERING INITIATED BY USG AT HIGHER LEVELS TO SEEK WHALING
MORATORIUM.

B. SUISEN KEIZAI SHIMBUN, MAY 20, REPORTED MAYOR AND CITY ASSEMBLY
SPEAKER OF YAMADA CITY, IWATE PREFECTURE (SITE OF LAND WHALING
UNCLASSIFIED

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PAGE 02 TOKYO 06876 280711Z

STATION), APPEALED TO DIRECTOR GENERAL OF FISHERIES AGENCY ON

MAY 16 TO OPPOSE AT ALL COST WHALING MORATORIUM.

C. MINATO SHIMBUN, MAY 21, REPORTED REPRESENTATIVES OF WHOLE-SALES ASSOCIATION DEALING IN WHALE PRODUCTS PLAN TO PRESENT TO AMEMBASSY LETTER APPEALING FOR UNDERSTANDING OF U.S. AT IWC MEETING TO ENABLE JAPAN TO CONTINUE WHALING IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPROPRIATE WHALING REGULATIONS BASED ON SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE. NOTE: AS OF MAY 28, EMBASSY HAS NOT RECEIVED PETITION.)

D. SUIKAN KEIZAI SHIMBUN, MAY 22, CLAIMED U.S. HAS CHANGED ITS STRATEGY AND IS NOW PUSHING FOR WHALING CONVENTION TO BE AMENDED SO THAT ISSUE ON CONSERVATION OF WHALES WOULD TAKE INTO CONSIDERATION NOT ONLY THEIR COMMERCIAL UTILIZATION BUT ALSO AESTHETIC, RECREATIONAL AND ECOLOGICAL FACTORS.

E. MAINICHDAILY NEWS, MAY 22, DESCRIBED INTERVIEW WITH PRESS HELD BY JOAN MCINTYRE, PRESIDENT, PROJECT JOHAN, AND DR. SPONG, GREEN PEACE FOUNDATION ON MAY 21. SPONG QUOTED AS SAYING HIS CAMPAIGN IN JAPAN, GENERALLY SPEAKING, HAD NOT BEEN SUCCESSFUL; HIS ACTIVITIES FAILED TO GAIN SATISFACTORY MASS MEDIA EXPOSURE; AND WHALE PROTECTION MOVEMENT MUST NOW TURN TO ALTERNATIVE OF BOYCOTTING JAPANESE GOODS. MCINTYRE WAS REPORTED AS SHARING SPONG'S VIEWS ON BOYCOTT BUT WAS QUOTED TO BE MORE OPTIMISTIC ON MORATORIUM ISSUE. ACCORDING TO MAINICHI DAILY NEWS, MCINTYRE PLANS TO BRING SOON TO JAPAN THREE CHILDREN, ONE EACH FROM SWEDEN, CANADA AND U.S., TO APPEAL TO PRIME MINISTER TANAKA AND DIRECTOR GENERAL MIKI OF ENVIRONMENT AGENCY TO STOP JAPANESE WHALING.

F. SUIKAN KEIZAI SHIMBUN, MAY 23, ALSO COVERED MCINTYRE'S PRESS INTERVIEW. PAPER CITED MCINTYRE AS CLAIMING WORLD FOOD PROBLEM CAUSED BY POPULATION EXPLOSION AND MAN'S ABUSE OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND WHALING REPRESENTS EXAMPLE OF MAN'S DESTRUCTIVE ACTIVITY ON EARTH. MCINTYRE REPORTEDLY CLAIMED WHALE MEAT NOT IMPORTANT TO JAPANESE DIET AND SHE COULD NOT UNDERSTAND WHY JAPANESE ARE CONTINUING WHALING OPERATIONS EVEN TO EXTENT OF RESISTING WORLD OPINION. SHE ALSO CLAIMED SUPPORT OF FIVE MILLION PEOPLE IN BOYCOTT MOVEMENT.

G. JAPAN TIMES, MAY 22, REPORTED JAPAN WHALING ASSOCIATION HAS UNCLASSIFIED

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PAGE 03 TOKYO 06876 280711Z

ISSUED NEW PAMPHLET IN JAPANESE TITLED "IMPORTANCE OF WHALING." (NOTE: ENGLISH VERSION EXPECTED TO BE ISSUED BY ASSOCIATION IN ABOUT A WEEK. PAMPHLET WILL BE POUCHED WHEN RECEIVED.) ACCORDING TO JAPAN TIMES, PAMPHLET CLAIMS WHALING BEING CONDUCTED ON BASIS OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH SO THERE IS NO NEED FOR CONCERN THAT WHALES ARE DECLINING IN ABUNDANCE. IN 1973, JAPANESE ATE 123,000 METRIC TONS OF WHALE MEAT, ACCOUNTING FOR ABOUT SIX PERCENT OF ALL MEAT CONSUMED

IN JAPAN. TO REPLACE WHALE MEAT CONSUMED IN JAPAN, EQUIVALENT OF
220,000 TONS OF BEEF (OR 290,000 TONS OF PORK) WOULD BE
NEEDED BUT SUCH SUBSTITUTION WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE INVIEW OF HIGH
COST OF BEEF.
SHOESMITH

UNCLASSIFIED

NNN

Message Attributes

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Capture Date: 01 JAN 1994
Channel Indicators: n/a
Current Classification: UNCLASSIFIED
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Draft Date: 28 MAY 1974
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Disposition Comment:
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Review Authority: boyleja
Review Comment: n/a
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Review Date: 04 NOV 2002
Review Event:
Review Exemptions: n/a
Review History: RELEASED <04 NOV 2002 by boyleja>; APPROVED <08 JAN 2003 by boyleja>
Review Markings:

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30 JUN 2005

Review Media Identifier:
Review Referrals: n/a
Review Release Date: n/a
Review Release Event: n/a
Review Transfer Date:
Review Withdrawn Fields: n/a
Secure: OPEN
Status: NATIVE
Subject: INTERNATIONAL WHALING COMMISSION: JAPANESE PRESS COVERAGE ON WHALING ISSUE
TAGS: EFIS, SENV, TBIO, OCON, JA, UR, IWC-1, PROJECT JOHAN, GREEN PEACE FOUNDATION, (ARON, WILLIAM), (FOX, PRUDENCE), (MCINTYRE, JOAN), (SPONG)
To: STATE
Type: TE
Markings: Declassified/Released US Department of State EO Systematic Review 30 JUN 2005

Message Text

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PAGE 01 TOKYO 06914 281104Z

43

ACTION COA-02

INFO OCT-01 EA-11 ISO-00 L-03 IO-14 SCI-06 CIAE-00 INR-10

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AF-10 ARA-16 EUR-25 NEA-14 PA-04 PRS-01 USIA-15 DRC-01

/145 W

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R 280842Z MAY 74

FM AMEMBASSY TOKYO

TO SECSTATE WASHDC 2163

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE TOKYO 6914

E.O. 11652 N/A

TAGS: EFIS, JA, SENV, OCON, UR, TBIO

SUBJ: INTL WHALING COMMISSION; CBS PLANNING FILM ON WHALING
PROBLEM

REF TOKYO 6876

PASS DR. ROBERT WHITE, ADMINISTRATOR, NOAA, DOC, AND ROBERT
SCHONING, DIRECTOR, NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE, NOAA

1. BRUCE DUNNING, CBS NEWS CORRESPONDENT, CALLED ON REGFISHATT
MAY 24 FOR BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON WHALING PROBLEM. DUNNING
STATED CBS PLANNING TO HIGHLIGHT WHALING ISSUE, POSSIBLY ON
CRONKITE SHOW. HE REQUESTED ASSISTANCE IN CONTACTING
JAPANESE WHALING REPRESENTATIVES TO OBTAIN THEIR SIDE OF
STORY. REGFISHATT SUGGESTED HE CONTACT YONEZAWA, COUNCILLOR,
FISHERIES AGENCY, WHO EXPRESSED WILLINGNESS TO MEET WITH
DUNNING.

2. FYI. DUNNING SAID HE ATTENDED PRESS CONFERENCE HELD BY
JOAN MCINTYRE, PRESIDENT, PROJECT JONAH, ON MAY 21.
APPARENTLY, DR. SPONG, GREEN PEACE FOUNDATION, WHO WAS
ALSO PRESENT TRIED TO UPSTAGE INTERVIEW AND MCINTYRE NOT
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PAGE 02 TOKYO 06914 281104Z

PLEASED WITH SPONG'S PERFORMANCE. DUNNING COMMENTED HE

WAS NOT IMPRESSED WITH INTERVIEW, ESPECIALLY WITH PERFORMANCE OF SPONG.
SHOESMITH

LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

NNN

Message Attributes

Automatic Decaptioning: X
Capture Date: 01 JAN 1994
Channel Indicators: n/a
Current Classification: UNCLASSIFIED
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Control Number: n/a
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Draft Date: 28 MAY 1974
Decaption Date: 01 JAN 1960
Decaption Note:
Disposition Action: RELEASED
Disposition Approved on Date:
Disposition Authority: GolinoFR
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Disposition Comment: 25 YEAR REVIEW
Disposition Date: 28 MAY 2004
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TAGS: EFIS, SENV, TBIO, OCON, JA, UR, IWC-1, CBS, COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM, PROJECT JOHAN, GREEN PEACE FOUNDATION, (DUNNING, BRUCE), (MCINTYRE, JOAN), (S PONG)
To: STATE
Type: TE
Markings: Declassified/Released US Department of State EO Systematic Review 30 JUN 2005

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Review Transfer Date:
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Secure: OPEN
Status: NATIVE
Subject: FRENCH NUCLEAR TESTS
TAGS: MCAP, TECH, FR
To: STATE
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PAGE 01 STATE 288203
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PM-10 PA-02 SIG-03 PRS-01 /041 R

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TRB Date: 1/9/87

UNCLAS STATE 288203

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PARIS FOR LAFLEUR, CAIRO FOR CLARK

E.O. 12356: N/A
TAGS: OPRC, XE, US
SUBJECT: SEPTEMBER 18 EAP PRESS SUMMARY

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 02 STATE 288203

FBIS ATTN: AG ONLY/CHINA

1 US-SOVIET EAST ASIA TALKS/WOLFOWITZ TRIP/JAPAN

THE JOURNAL OF COMMERCE (TOKYO) REPORTS EAP'S WOLFOWITZ
TUESDAY BRIEFED ABE AND OTHER JAPANESE OFFICIALS ON HIS
TALKS WITH SOVIET LEADERS ABOUT ASIAN AFFAIRS.

THE JOURNAL SAYS AN EMBASSY SPOKESMAN WOULD NOT GO INTO

DECLASSIFIED

THE DETAILS OF THE MOSCOW TALKS, SAYING THE TWO SIDES HAD AGREED NOT TO MAKE THEM PUBLIC. ALSO, THE JOURNAL ADDS, WOLFOWITZ AND ABE TALKED ABOUT THE FORTHCOMING USSOVIET SUMMIT, US-JAPAN TRADE ISSUES AND ABE'S PLANNED MEETING IN NEW YORK, SEPTEMBER 26, WITH SHULTZ.

2 JAPAN/PRESIDENT'S PRESS CONFERENCE/TRADE

THE BALTIMORE SUN, REUTER'S TORDAY, THE WASHINGTON POST'S HOFFMAN, THE NY TIMES' BOYD, NEWSDAY'S MITCHELL, THE LA TIMES' ROSENBLATT AND SECTER, AND THE WASHINGTON TIMES' BELCHER ALL REPORT PRESIDENT REAGAN'S TUESDAY EVENING

PRESS CONFERENCE, GIVING GREAT EMPHASIS ON HIS WARNING TO CONGRESS AGAINST "MINDLOTECTIONISM.

REUTER NOTES THE PRESIDENT WARNED CONGRESS THAT A "MINDLESS STAMPEDE TOWARDS PROTECTIONISM" WOULD INVITE FOREIGN RETALIATION, LEADING TO ECONOMIC DISASTER ON A SCALE NOT KNOWN SINCE THE GREAT DEPRESSION IN THE 1930'S. INSTEAD, TORDAY SAYS, REAGAN URGED CONGRESS "TO WORK WITH ME, NOT AGAINST ME" IN KEEPING TRADE FREE, CUTTING TAX RATES AND CURBING GOVERNMENT SPENDING."

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 03 STATE 288203

TORDAY AND THE OTHERS ALSO NOTE REAGAN DISMISSED FEARS THAT THE ESTIMATED 1985 TRADE DEFICIT WOULD HURT ECONOMIC EXPANSION AND THAT THE PRESIDENT PLAYED DOWN THIS WEEK'S REPORTS THAT THE US HAS BECOME A DEBTOR NATION.

REUTER'S WILSON (CONCORD) REPORTS THE PRESIDENT TOOK HIS MESSAGE TO NEW HAMPSHIRE WEDNESDAY WHERE TOLD A CROWD IN CONCORD THAT THE US WOULD LOWER ITS TRADE DEFICIT BUT NOT AT THE EXPENSE OF BEING FORCED INTO "THE DARK HOLE OF PROTECTIONISM." HE QUOTES THE PRESIDENT AS SAYING: "I THINK THERE IS REASON FOR OPTIMISM ON THE TRADE FRONT AS WELL. AMERICAN INDUSTRY HAS BECOME VASTLY MORE EFFICIENT IN THE LAST FEW YEARS...WHAT WE CAN'T DO IS BE STAMPEDED INTO THE DARK HOLE OF PROTECTIONISM, IGNITING A TRADE WAR THAT WILL UNDERCUT EVERYTHING WE'VE ACCOMPLISHED."

REUTER REPORTS JAPANESE AMBASSADOR MATSUNAGA SAID WEDNESDAY THAT US TRADE PROTECTIONISM COULD UNDERMINE RELATIONS WITH JAPA AND TRIGGER A CHAIN REACTION AMONG OTHER TRADING PARTNERS. IT QUOTES HIM SAYING AT A BREAKFAST MEETING WITH REPORTERS: "ONCE IT STARTS I AM QUITE SURE IT WOULD HAVE A SNOWBALLING EFFECT."

REUTER (TOKYO) REPORTS JAPAN'S FINANCE AND DEFENSE CHIEFS AGREED WEDNESDAY TO PUSH DEFENSE SPENDING THROUGH ITS

LONG-STANDING LIMIT OF 1 PERCENT OF GNP. IT ADDS THAT AFTER ALLNIGHT TALKS THEY AGREED TO SET MILITARY COSTS FOR 1986-90 AT A LEVEL WHICH WOULD AMOUNT TO ABOUT 1.04 PERCENT OF THE ESTIMATED GNP. REUTER SUGGESTS THAT, THOUGH SMALL, THE INCREASE IS AN ANTAGONIZE OPPOSITION GROUPS.

REUTER'S FRANK AND THE WASHINGTON POST'S AUERBACH AND RICH REPORT THE SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE TUESDAY VOTED TO REQUIRE RETALIATION AGAINST JAPAN OR OTHER COUNTRIES IF THEY DO NOT QUICKLY LIFT BARRIERS TO US

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 04 STATE 288203

TELECOMMUNICATIONS GOODS.

REUTER QUOTES SEN CHAFEE (R-RI) SAYING, "THIS ISN'T PROTECTIONISM. THIS IS TRYING TO GET OUR PRODUCTS INTO THEIR MARKETS...BY NAMING JAPAN, HOPEFULLY IT INDEED WILL GET THEIR ATTENTION."

THE POST ALSO SAYS THAT, AT THE OPENING OF HEARINGS ON LEGISLATION TARGETED AT 4 COUNTRIES WITH ESPECIALLY LARGE TRADE SURPLUSES WITH THE US, HOUSE DEMOCRATS LAID THE BLAME FOR THE TRADE DEFICIT SQUARELY ON THE PRESIDENT'S SHOULDERS. IT QUOTES REP GEPHARDT (D-MO) SAYING THE ADMINISTRATION'S "RECKLESS BORROW-AND-SPEND ECONOMIC POLICY" FOSTERED BY A "BYSTANDER PRESIDENT" WHO "WINKS AT THE HIGH DOLLAR AND REFUSES TO TAKE THE LEAD ON BRINGING DOWN HIS (BUDGET) DEFICIT."

THE POST ALSO REPORTS HOUSE TRADE SPECIALISTS SAID THE ROSTENKOWSKI-GEHARDT-BENTSEN MEASURE IS LIKELY TO MOVE AT A SLOW PACE, HELD IN RESERVE FOR BROADER ACTION ON TRADE AFTER THE TEXTILE ISSUE IS RESOLVED AND THE ADMINISTRATION HAS A CHANCE TO DEMONSTRATE THE SERIOUSNESS OF ITS THREE-WEEK-OLD TRADE POLICY.

3. CHINA/JAPAN

AFP SAYS STUDENTS FROM BEIJING AND QINGHUA UNIVERSITIES MARCHED TWICE AROUND TIANANMEN SQUARE AND THAT EARLIER IN THE DAY STUDENTS AT BEIJING UNIVERSITY STUCK UP DOZENS OF POSTERS URGING A BOYCOTT OF JAPANESE PRODUCTS AND CONDEMNED NAKASONE'S RECENT VISIT TO A TOKYO WAR SHRINE.

4. CHINA

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 05 STATE 288203

DECLASSIFIED

THE WASHINGTON POST'S BARBER SAYS "SHULTZ IS CAUGHT IN A SENSITIVE FOREIGN AID DISPUTE OVER THE REAGAN ADMINISTRATION'S SUPPORT FOR THE UN FUND FOR POPULATION ACTIVITIES."

BARBER REPORTS THE SECRETARY IS UNDER PRESOM AID TO SUSPEND SUPPORT FOR UNFPA BECAUSE OF ITS INVOLVEMENT IN ALLEGED COERCIVE ABORTION AND INVOLUNTARY STERILIZATION IN CHINA. HE EXPLAINS THAT PRESSURE HAS ALSO BEEN APPLIED BY BEIJING AND THE UN SECRETARY-GENERAL TO CONTINUE US GOVERNMENT SUPPORT FOR UNFPA.

THE BARBER REPORTS SHULTZ, ACCORDING TO DOS SOURCES, HAS BEEN PRESSED HARD BY AID ADMINISTRATOR MCPHERSON TO SUSPEND UNFPA SUPPORT BY SETTING TOUGH CONDITIONS FOR THE FUTURE: EITHER THE UNFPA WITHDRAWS FROM CHINA OR CHINA ALTERS ITS POPULATION PROGRAM TO KEEP WITHIN THE KEMP-INOUE LEGISLATIVE LANGUAGE ON COERCION IN FAMILY

PLANNING (UNDER THIS COMPROMISE AMENDMENT TO THE SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS BILL FOR 1985, THE GOVERNMENT IS BARRED FROM FUNDING ORGANIZATIONS THAT "SUPPORT COERCIVE ABORTION PROGRAMS OR PARTICIPATE IN THEIR MANAGEMENT").

BARBER SAYS SHULTZ MUST DECIDE BY SEPT 30 WHETHER OR NOT UNFPA IS INVOLVED IN SUCH ACTIVITIES IN CHINA, - WHICH WILL DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT THE US CUTS OFF FUNDING FOR THE UNFPA

REUTER'S O'NEIL (BEIJING) REPORTS CHINA'S COMMUNIST PARTY OPENED A SPECIAL CONFERENCE WEDNESDAY TO SWEEP OUT AGING LEADERS, AND THAT, ACCORDING TO XINHUA, PARTY LEADER HU YAOBANG SAID THE CLEAN-OUT WAS NEARLY COMPLETE. HE QUOTES HU AS SAYING, ACCORDING TO XINHUA: "THE ABOLITION OF LIFE-LONG TENURE IN LEADING POSTS AND THE

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 06 STATE 288203

ESTABLISHMENT OF A RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR LEADING CADRES ARE MATTERS OF HISTORIC SIGNIFICANCE."

O'NEIL ALSO QUOTES CULTURE MINISTER ZHU MUZHI TELLING REPORTERS THAT A NUMBER OF OLD LEADERS, INCLUDING DENG XIAOPING, WOULD RETAIN THEIR POSTS BECAUSE OF THEIR INTERNATIONAL PRESTIGE AND THE IMPORTANCE OF THEIR WORK; ZHU IS ALSO QUOTED AS SAYING: "MORE THAN ONE MILLION VETERAN CADRES AT ALL LEVELS OF THE PARTY OVER CHINA HAVE RETIRED. IF WE HAD WAITED UNTIL A PARTY CONGRESS IN 1987, THE CHANGES WOULD HAVE BEEN WIDER I. IT WAS BETTER TO DO A PARTIAL READJUSTMENT NOW."

DECLASSIFIED

O'NEIL REPORTS HU ALSO SAID THE SEVEN YEARS SINCE DENG RETURNED TO POWER HAD BEEN ONE OF THE BEST PERIODS OF ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL DEVELOPMENT SINCE 1949 AND THAT THE NEW ECONOMIC PLAN WOULD "ENSURE CONTINUOUS, STABLE AND BALANCED GROWTH OF THE NATIONAL ECONOMY."

REUTER (BEIJING) REPORTS A GROUP OF FOREIGN BUSINESS EXECUTIVES IN BEIJING HAVE STARTED AN APPEAL FUND FOR RICHARD ONDRIK, WHO WAS JAILED LAST THURSDAY IN HARBIN FOR UNINTENTIONALLY STARTING A HOTEL FIRE WHICH KILLED 10 PEOPLE. IT ADDS A SPOKESWOMAN FOR THE "COMMITTEE OF CONCERNED BUSINESSPEOPLE," REFUSED TO SAY HOW MANY PEOPLE WERE INVOLVED IN THE GROUP BECAUSE IT WAS "A SENSITIVE MATTER." IT QUOTES THE SPOKESWOMAN SAYING "PEOPLE ARE CONCERNED BECAUSE THEY THINK THE CASE MAY REFLECT ON THEIR WELLBEING IN CHINA."

AFPO (HONG KONG) AND REUTER (BEIJING) REPORT 2000 STUDENTS HELD AN ANTI-JAPANESE PROTEST MARCH IN BEIJING

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 07 STATE 288203

WEDNESDAY, CARRYING POSTERS AND SHOUTING "DOWN WITH JAPANESE MILITARISM."

5. TAIWAN

THE WASHINGTON POST, CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR, WASHINGTON TIMES (ALL TAIPEI) AND LA TIMES' HOLLEY NOTE TAIWAN'S ARREST OF A LOSANGELES BASED CHINESE NEWSPAPER PUBLISHER (ALSO SEE THE SEPT 17 PRESS SUMMARY).

THE LA TIMES SAYS LEE YA-PING WAS ARRESTED FOR ALLEGEDLY PRINTING COMMUNIST CHINESE PROPAGANDA, A CHARGE THAT CAN CARRY THE DEATH PENALTY. IT SAYS THE WOMAN, 62, OF SAN MARINO, CALIFORNIA, HAS IMMIGRANT STATUS IN THE US BUT RETAINS TAIWAN CITIZENSHIP. HE ADDS THAT ANTHONY YUEN, THE PAPER'S EDITOR-IN-CHIEF, SAID LEE WAS ARRESTED TO SERVE AS A WARNING TO OTHER TAIWAN CITIZEN S IN THE US

THAT THEY ARE NOT PROTECTED BY AMERICAN FREE SPEECH LAWS IF THEY EVER WISH TO RETURN TO THE ISLAND.

REUTER (TAIPEI) REPORTS 2 TAIWANESE GANG LEADERS CONVICTED OF KILLING HENRY LIU HAVE AGREED TO PAY 2USAND DOLLARS COMPENSATI TO LIU'S WIDOW, ACCORDING TO THEIR LAWYERS.

UPI (CHICAGO TRIBUNE NEW YORK), REUTER AND THE NY TIMES'S LUBASCH REPORT 14 MEMBERS OF TAIWAN'S UNITED BAMBOO GANG

WERE CHARGED IN A CRIMINAL COMPLAINT IN NEW YORK MONDAY. IT SAYS 5 WERE ARRESTED IN NY, 4 IN HOUSTON AND 1 IN LOS ANGELES AND ADDS 3 OTHERS WERE ALREADY IN JAIL IN MONTEREY, CALIFORNIA, LAS VEGAS AND TAIWAN.

UPI NOTES US ATTY RUDOLPH GIULIANI SAID THE GROUP CONSPIRED TO IMPORT 300 KILOS OF HEROIN AND PLANNED TO ESTABLISH A "FUTURE CASINO IN LAS VEGAS." IT ADDS AT A PRESS CONFERENCE, 8 HANDGUNS, 3 AUTOMATIC WEAPONS AND A UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 08 STATE 288203

POUND OF HEROIN WERE DISPLAYED

REUTER (TAIPEI) REPORTS CHIANG CHING-KUO HAS FULLY RECOVERED FROM HIS SECOND EYE OPERATION, ACCORDING TO A PRESIDENTIAL SPOKESMAN, WHO ADDED THAT CHIANG HAD ATTENDED A MEETING OF THE CENTRAL STANDING COMMITTEE OF THE NATIONALIST PARTY WEDNESDAY MORNING.

6 TAIWAN/KOREA/CHINA

REUTER (TAIPEI) REPORTS TAIWAN'S CENTRAL NEWS AGENCY SAID WEDNESDAY TAIWAN OFFICIALS HAVE TOLD A CHINESE AIR FORCE PILOT WHO DEFECTED TO SOUTH KOREA LAST MONTH THAT HE

WOULD BE WELCOMED TO TAIPEI WITH A GOLD REWARD WORTH MORE THAN 2 MILLION DOLLARS. THE STORY ADDS TAIWAN EMBASSY OFFICIALS MET XIAO TIANRUN, 33, AT A MILITARY HOSPITAL IN SEOUL TUESDAY WHERE HE WAS UNDERGOING TREATMENT FOR A BACK WOUND.

7 KOREA

THE WASHINGTON POST'S BURGESS (TOKYO) REPORTS SOUTH KOREA'S CHUN MET SECRETLY IN SEOUL EARLIER THIS MONTH WITH A SENIOR NORTH KOREAN POLITBURO MEMBER WHO IS IN CHARGE OF PROMOTING REUNIFICATION, ACCORDING TO A JAPANESE NEWSPAPER. HE ADDS SENIOR GOJ OFFICIALS SAID THEY HAD RECEIVED SIMILAR BUT UNCONFIRMED REPORTS, AS DID THE STATE DEPARTMENT, BUT THAT A SOUTH KOREAN SPOKESMAN DENOUNCED THE REPORTS AS "TOTALLY GROUNDLESS."

BURGESS SAYS THE MOST DETAILED ACCOUNT CAME IN A WASHINGTON-ED STORY IN YOMIURI SHIMBUN WHERE THE UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 09 STATE 288203

NORTH KOREAN WAS IDENTIFIED AS HO DAM. ACCORDING TO THAT

Date Printed: 10/23/1996

DOC_NUMBER: 85STATE288203

CHANNEL: n/a

NEWSPAPER, BURGESS SAYS: HO VISITED SEOUL SEPT 4-6 AND WAS ACCOMPANIED BY NORTH KOREAN VICE FOREIGN MINISTER HAN SI HAI AND 3 OTHER NORTH KOREANS. HE ADDS YOMIURI ALSO SAID HO CONFERRED WITH CHUN AND CHANG SEI DONG, HEAD OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY PLANNING AGENCY.

REUTER (SEOUL) REPORTS A SOUTH KOREAN STUDENT TUESDAY SET HIMSELF ON FIRE TO START AN ANTIGOVERNMENT DEMONSTRATION, ACCORDING TO A "DISSIDENT GROUP." IT ADDS SONG KWANG-YONG, 27, WAS IN CRITICAL CONDITION IN A SEOUL HOSPITAL.

REUTER'S LEE (PANMUNJOM) REPORTS PROCEDURAL DIFFICULTIES BLOCKED EFFORTS BY NORTH AND SOUTH KOREA WEDNESDAY TO SIGN A PACT AT THEIR 4TH ROUND OF TALKS ON TRADE AND ECONOMIC COOPERATION.

LEE EXPLAINS THAT, DURING THE TALKS, THE 2 SIDES EXCHANGED SIMILAR REVISED DRAFT AGREEMENTS BUT MADE LITTLE HEADWAY, THAT CHIEF NORTHERN DELEGATE LI SONG ROK SAID THE 2 SIDES SHOULD START WORKING-LEVEL TALKS TO REACH A FINAL JOINT AGREEMENT, AND THAT CHIEF SOUTHERN DELEGATE KIM KI HWAN SAID THE CURRENT MEETINGS AT THE VICE-MINISTERIAL LEVEL SHOULD CONTINUE UNTIL DIFFERENCES WERE NARROWED FURTHER. LEE ALSO SAYS THE MAJOR DIFFERENCES IN THE REVISED DRAFT AGREEMENTS WERE IN THE NUMBER OF SUBCOMMITTEES TO BE SET UP, WITH THE NORTH WANTING AT LEAST 6 SUBCOMMITTEES, WHILE THE SOUTH INSISTED ON ONLY 2.

ACCORDING TO LEE, THE 2 SIDES AGREED TO STUDY THE REVISED DRAFTS AND MEET AGAIN ON NOVEMBER 20 AT PANMUNJOM.

8. PHILIPPINES

THE WASHINGTON TIMES (MANILA) NOTES GOP OMBUDSMAN UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 10 STATE 288203

BERNARDO FERNANDEZ TUESDAY TOLD THE US NOT TO INTERFERE IN THE AQUINO ASSASSINATION TRIAL, IN A REACTION TO THE US RELEASE OF 6 AFFIDAVISTS OF US SERVICEMEN REGARDING A PHILIPPINE AIR FORCE SCRAMBLE ON THE DAY OF THE NATION (SEE THE SEPT 17 EAP PRESS SUMMARY).

REUTER (MANILA) QUOTES LAWYER LUPINO LAZARO AS SAYING WEDNESDAY THAT HE HAS BEEN TOLD THAT A GROUP OF PHILIPPINE AIR FORCE MEN PLOTTED TO KILL AMB BOSWORTH, THE CHIEF PROSECUTOR IN THE AQUINO ASSASSINATION TRIAL, AND HIMSELF. IT NOTES LAZARO SAID A PHILIPPINE AIR FORCE LIEUTENANT TOLD HIM IN A LETTER THAT THE GROUP PLANNED TO KILL THEM FOR PRESSING FOR THE USE OF EVIDENCE REGARDING THE SCRAMBLING OF PHILIPPINE AIR FORCE PLANES ON THE DAY

OF THE ASSASSINATION

REUTER REPORTS LAZARO SAID THE ALLEGED PLOT INVOLVED SETTING FIRE TO THE AMBASSADOR'S HOME IN THE MAKATI FINANCIAL DISTRICT. IT ADDS LAZARO SAID THAT, ACCORDING TO THE LIEUTENANT, THE GROUP DID NOT WANT PROSECUTORS TO INVESTIGATE THE SCRAMBLING INCIDENT FURTHER AND WANTED TO STOP HIM AND CHIEF PROSECUTOR MANUEL HERRERA FROM FILING CHARGES AGAINST THE AIR FORCE STAFF; HE SAID THE LETTER INDICATED THE PLOT AGAINST BOSWORTH WAS A "TACTICAL MEASURE TO STOP (HIM) FROM EXPOSING FURTHER THE SCRAMBLING INCIDENT BY ELIMINATING HIM TO THE EXTENT OF BOMBING THE US EMBASSY...AND BURNING HIS HOUSE IN MAKATI."

REUTER QUOTES THE US EMBASSY AS SAYING: "WE ARE FAMILIAR WITH SUCH A LETTER BUT LOOKED INTO THE MATTER CAREFULLY AND CONCLUDE(D) THE RUMOR WAS NOT WELL FOUNDED."

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL'S LACHICA SAYS THE REAGAN ADMINI-
UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 11 STATE 288203

STRATION, ANXIOUS TO PUSH MARCOS TOWARD DEMOCRACY, IS ADDING PUBLIC PRESSURE TO ITS CONTINUING CAMPAIGN OF "QUIET DIPLOMACY." HE FEELS THE STATE DEPARTMENT "CROSSED A NEW THRESHOLD" IN ITS DEALINGS WITH MARCOS BY RELEASING A STATEMENT QUESTIONING MANILA'S REJECTION OF US-SUPPLIED DOCUMENTS (THE USAF AFFIDAVITS) THAT HE SAYS COULD HAVE INFLUENCED THE AQUINO ASSASSINATION TRIAL AND BY RELEASING THE DOCUMENTS IN WASHINGTON AND MANILA.

IN EFFECT, ACCORDING TO LACHICA, THE US IS OPENLY
SIGNALLING UNHAPOVER DEVELOPMENTS IN THE TRIAL OF
GEN VER AND OTHERS IN CONNECTION WITH THE ASSASSINATION

LACHICA SAYS DOS OFFICIALS FEAR THE FAILURE OF MARCOS' GOVERNMENT TO INCORPORATE THE NEW EVIDENCE INTO THE TRIAL COULD DISCREDIT THE INVESTIGATION AND CONTRIBUTE TO AN UNCONVINCING EXONERATION OF GEN VER AND HIS OFFICERS. HE QUOTES THE DOS STATEMENT AS SAYING "IT HAS BEEN THE CONSISTENT POSITION" OF THE US THAT THE AQUINO INVESTIGATION SHOULD BE "THOROUGH AND IMPARTIAL AND THAT THOSE RESPONSIBLE, NO MATTER WHO THEY ARE, BE BROUGHT TO JUSTICE AND PUNISHED TO THE FULLEST EXTENT OF THE LAW."

LACHICA SUGGESTS THAT THE EXPECTED ACQUITTAL OF GEN VER COULD COMPLICATE THE US DIALOGUE WITH MARCOS. HE SAYS THE US SEES REPLACING VER (AS ARMED FORCES CHIEF) AS AN IMPORTANT STEP TOWARD A MORE PROFESSIONAL MILITARY FORCE. HE STATES THAT THE ADMINISTRATION SOUGHT 100 MILLION DOLLARS IN MILITARY AID FOR THE PHILIPPINES.

Date Printed: 10/23/1996

DOC_NUMBER: 85STATE288203

CHANNEL: n/a

THOUGH CONGRESS AUTHORIZED ONLY 10 MILLION DOLLARS ON THE STRENGTH OF EARLIER ASSURANCES BY THE MARCOS REGIME THAT IT WOULD CLEAN UP CORRUPTION AND FAVORITISM IN THE ARMED FORCES AND ENGAGE IN OTHER REFORMS. BUT IF ANYTHING, HE REPORTS, US DIPLOMATS SEE SIGNS MARCOS IS RESISTING SUCH CHANGES.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 12

STATE 288203

WORSE, LACHICA ADDS, MARCOS DOESN'T SEEM TO BELIEVE WHAT US DIPLOMATS PRIVATELY TELL HIM. CITING A "MCNEIL-LEHRER NEWS HOUR" INTERVIEW TO BE AIRED THE WEEK, HE REPORTS MARCOS BRISTLED AT ALLEGED EFFORTS BY US "BUREAUCRATS" TO PRESSURE HIM, AND THE PHILIPPINE PRESIDENT BLAMED SUCH TACTICS ON ONE "BUREAUCRATIC FACTION" THAT HAS "COME OUT OPENLY AGAINST MY ADMINISTRATION." HE SAYS MARCOS INSISTS THERE IS ANOTHER "FACTION" IN WASHINGTON "TRYING TO HELP US."

LACHICA REPORTS THE ADMINISTRATION WANTS TO CONVINCE MARCOS THE US URGINGS FOR REFORM COME FROM A SOLID CONSENSUS WITHIN BOTH THE ADMINISTRATION AND CONGRESS. HE SAYS US DIPLOM ALSO SIGNALLING THAT THE ADMINISTRATION WON'T RETREAT IN THE FACE OF MARCOS' THREATS TO DENY THE US THE USE OF ITS STRATEGIC MILITARY BASES IN THE PHILIPPINES.

ACCORDING TO LACHICA, THE US "IS PREPARED TO MAKE MORE PUBLIC ASSERTIONS ON ITS VIEWS ON THE PHILIPPINES IF DISCREET DIPLOMACY FAILS." HE SAYS THE STATE DEPARTMENT RECENTLY (SIC) CLARIFIED NEWS REPORTS IN THE GOP-CONTROLLED MANILA PRESS THAT MISINTERPRETED A SPEECH BY

SECRETARY SHULTZ. HE EXPLAINS THAT THE REPORTS SHOWED THE US MORE SUPPORTIVE OF MARCOS THAN THE TEXT JUSTIFIED, BUT THE CLARIFICATION WAS PUBLISHED ONLY IN AN OPPOSITION NEWSPAPER SUPPORTED BY THE CHURCH, HE ADDS.

LACHICA THEN GOES ON TO DISCUSS THE AFFIDAVITS JUST RELEASED BY THE DEPARTMENT, AND HE SAYS WHAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT DESCRIBED AS AN "UNUSUAL DEGREE OF ACTIVITY"

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 13

STATE 288203

AT THE AIRBASES "SUGGESTED THAT THE PHILIPPINE MILITARY KNEW PRECISELY THE DETAILS OF MR AQUINO'S RETURN. BUT WITHOUT THE PROSECUTION PURSUING THIS NEW LEAD, THERE'S HARDLY A CASE AGAINST HER AND THE OTHER GENERALS." HE

Date Printed: 10/23/1996

DOC_NUMBER: 85STATE288203

CHANNEL: n/a

ADDS, SINCE THE TRIAL COURT SUPPORTED BY THE SUPREME COURT, DISALLOWED OTHER EVIDENCE...

REUTER (MANILA) REPORTS DEFENSE LAWYERS IN THE AQUINO ASSASSINATION TRIAL WEDNESDAY SAID THEY HAD NO MORE WITNESSES TO PRESENT; "WE HAVE EVALUATED OUR EVIDENCE, AND, IN ORDER NOT TO DELAY THIS CASE, WE HAVE DECIDED NOT TO PRESENT ANY MORE WITNESSES," LAWYER NORBERTO FURAGGANAN SAID. IT QUOTES COURT SOURCES AS SAYING THE 3-MAN BENCH COULD HAND DOWN ITS VERDICT AS EARLY AS NEXT MONTH UNLESS THE PROSECUTION DECIDES TO PRESENT REBUTTAL WITNESSES.

REUTER REPORTS OMBUDSMAN BERNARDO FERNANDEZ TOLD REPORTERS TUESDAY HE WILL MEET PROSECUTORS THIS WEEK TO PLAN THEIR REBUTTAL, SET FOR SEPT 26.

REUTER (MANILA) NOTES OPPOSITION NATIONAL ASSEMBLYMEN WEDNESDAY DEMANDED AN INVESTIGATION INTO A REPORT IN (LYNDON LAROUCHEECUTIVE INTELLIGENCE REVIEW" THAT THE US EMBASSY IN MANILA WAS INVOLVED IN A PLOT TO OVERTHROW MARCOS' GOVERNMENT. IT SAYS THE ASSEMBLYMEN STATED IN A RESOLUTION THAT THE ASSEMBLY SHOULD SUMMON AMB BOSWORTH AND DEFENSE AND MILITARY OFFICIALS TO SHED LIGHT ON THE ARTICLE, WHICH WAS REPRINTE D IN MANILA NEWSPAPERS LAST WEEK.

REUTER REPORTS THE ARTICLE SAID A COUP DIRECTED BY EMBASSY MANILA WAS EXPECTED TO BE STAGED WITHIN 8-9 MONTHS. IT NOTES THE REPORT SAID AMB BOSWORTH "MEETS UP TO 2 HOURS A DAY WITH ACTING CHIEF OF STAFF LT GEN FIDEL RAMOS, A WEST POINT GRADUATE WHO(M) THE US IS ATTEMPTING UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 14 STATE 288203

TO GROOM AS A LEADER OF A NEW CIVILIAN-MILITARY JUNTA."

REUTER REPORTS RAMOS HAS DENIED HE WAS INVOLVED IN ANY PLOT AND CALLED THE ARTICLE "HIGHLY SPECULATIVE AND GROSSLY INACCURATE." IT ADDS DEFENSE MINISTER ENRILE

TOLD REPORTERS THE STORY WAS "A BIG HOAX WHICH IS INTENDED TO CREATE INTRIGUE WITHIN THE MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT."

REUTER SAY THE RESOLUTION WEDNESDAY BY OPPOSITION ASSEMBLYMEN HOMOBONO ADAZA AND ANTONIO CUENCO WAS REFERRED TO A NATIONAL ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE FOR CONSIDERATION.

THE JOURNAL OF COMMERCE'S BANGSBERG (HONG KONG) SAYS THE 3RD TRANCHE OF "A HUGE COMMERCIAL BANK TRADE FACILITY"

Date Printed: 10/23/1996

DOC_NUMBER: 85STATE288203

CHANNEL: n/a

FOR THE PHILIPPINES IS LIKELY TO BE RELEASED EARLY NEXT MONTH, ACCORDING TO A US BANKER INVOLVED IN THE RESCUE. HE REPORTS THE BANKER "APPEARED NOT UNDULY WORRIED" ABOUT THE LATEST IN A SERIES OF CONFRONTATIONS BETWEEN THE GOP AND IMF

BANGSBERG SAYS A NEW LETTER OF INTENT MUST BE AGREED BETWEEN THE GOP AND IMF BEFORE THE LATTER WILL RELEASE THE NEXT INSTALLMENT OF A 615-MILLION-DOLLAR STANDBY CREDIT. THAT IN TURN WOULD TRIGGER THE RELEASE BY BANKS OF MORE OF THE 925 MILLION DOLLARS IN TRADE CREDITS, HE EXPLAINS'

ACCORDING TO BANGSBERG, THE REVISED LETTER OF INTENT IS EXPECTED TO BE READY THIS WEEK, ACCORDING TO MANINKING SOURCES. HE SAYS TH SHOULD BE IN TIME FOR CONSIDERATION AT AN IMF MEETING IN THE PHILIPPINES AT THE UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 15 STATE 288203

END OF THIS MONTH.

BANGSBERG NOTES THAT DISAGREEMENTS HAVE ARISEN OVER COMPLIANCE WITH SOME MONETARY TARGETS AND OVER RESTRUCTURING OF THE VITAL SUGAR AND COCONUT INDUSTRIES. OF PARTICULAR CONCERN TO THE IMF INSPECTION TEAM, HE REPORTS, IS THE CONTINUING STRENGTH OF THE PESO, WHICH IT BELIEVES IS OVERVALUED AND BEING SECRETLY PROPPED UP BY THE GOP WHILE THAT HAS SOME BENEFITS TO THE DOMESTIC ECONOMY, HE OBSERVES, IT DOES NOTHING TO HELP EXPORTS, WHICH THE IMF IS TRYING TO ENCOURAGE AND WHICH FELL BY 12 PERCENT IN VALUE IN THE FIRST 7 MONTHS OF 1985, HE ADDS.

AP (JOURNAL OF COMMERCE MANILA) REPORTS FORMER SEN LORENZO TANADA TOLD THE SUPREME COURT TUESDAY THAT MEMBERS OF THE PHILIPPINE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION ARE INCOMPETENT TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE COUNTRY'S FIRST NUCLEAR POWERPLANT IS SAFE TO OPERATE. IT NOTES TANADA SAID NONE OF THE COMMISSION'S 5 MEMBERS MEETS THE LAW'S REQUIREMENT THAT MEMBERS HAVE AT LEAST 10 YEARS OF WORK EXPERIENCE IN NUCLEAR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY.

AP REPORTS TANADA SPOKE AT A HEARING ON A PETITION BY THE "NUCLEAR-FREE PHILIPPINES COALITION" ASKING THE COURT TO STOP THE PHILIPPINE AEC FROM GRANTING THE STATE-OWNED "NATIONAL POWER CORP" A LICENSE TO OPERATE THE WESTINGHOUSE-BUILT PLANT.

AFF (BACOLOD) SAYS THOUSANDS OF PROTESTERS BLOCKED MAJOR STREETS THERE WEDNESDAY, AND SCHOOLS AND BUSINESSES CLOSED AT THE START OF A 3-DAY STRIKE CALLED AGAINST MARCOS' GOVERNMENT. IT ADDS POLICE SAID 4 YOUTHS WERE

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ARRESTED AT A RALLY IN SUPPORT OF THE STRIKE IN NEARBY
HINIGARAN TOWN AND WERE DETAINED FOR POSSESSION OF
ANTI-GOP PAMPHLETS.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 16 STATE 288203

AFP SAYS THE TRANSPORT AND INDUSTRIAL STRIKE WAS CALLED
BY THE MILITANT "BAYAN" ALLIANCE IN AND 4 OTHER
TOWNS AND CITIES TO PROTEST MILITARIZATION AND WIDESPREAD
HUNGER IN NEGROS, CENTER OF THE COUNTRY'S TROUBLED SUGAR
INDUSTRY. IT CITES A BAYAN STATEMENT THAT THE STRIKE WAS
AIMED AT DISMANTLING THE "US-BACKED MARCOS DICTATORSHIP."

ACCORDING TO AFP, THE NEGROS CAPITAL WAS AT A STANDSTILL
AS PRIVATE SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS CALLED OFF CLASSES IN
SYMPATHY WITH SOME 10,000 PROTESTERS, WHO FORMED "HUMAN
BARRICADES" ON MAJOR STREETS FOR 4 HOURS TO ENFORCE THE
STRIKE, ACCORDING TO EYEWITNESS REPORTS. IT SAYS MOST
COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENTS WERE ALSO CLOSED IN THE
EXPECTATION OF TROUBLE, WHILE ALL MAJOR TRANSPORT
OPERATORS ANNOUNCED THEY WERE STOPPING REGULAR RUNS FOR
THE DURATION OF THE STRIKE.

AFP SAYS AT LEAST 250,000 PLANTATION AND MILL WORKERS ON
NEGROS HAVE BEEN OUT OF WORK SINCE MAY, AS LOW WORLD
PRICES AND HIGH PRODUCTION COSTS FORCED PLANTERS TO CUT
PRODUCTION DRASTICALLY.

REUTER (MANILA) REPORTS UNIVERSITY SECURITY GUARDS,
DUCKING ROCKS AND HOME-MADE BOMBS, USED FIREARMS, BATONS,
AND WATER CANNONS WEDNESDAY TO QUELL A DISORDERLY PROTEST
BY ABOUT 200 STUDENTS SEEKING A CUT IN TUITION FEES,
ACCORDING TO POLICE, WHO SAID THERE WERE NO SERIOUS
INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE FRACAS AT FEATI UNIVERSITY IN
CENTRAL MANILA. IT SAYS THE STUDENTS, MOSTLY MEMBERS OF
THE MILITANT "LEAGUE OF FILIPINO STUDENTS," ALSO DEMANDED
SCHOOL REFORMS.

9' VIETNAM/CHINA

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 17 STATE 288203

REUTER'S EARNSHAW (BEIJING) QUOTES A VIETNAMESE DIPLOMAT

AS SAYING WEDNESDAY THAT HANOI IS TO DISPLAY GOODS IN AN
EXHIBITION IN CHINA FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE THE LATE
1970'S' HE REPORTS THE DIPLOMAT TOLD REUTER THE PRC HAD

INVITED VIETNAM TO TAKE PART IN THE EXHIBITION, TO BE HELD IN BEIJING IN NOVEMBER. HE ADDS THE DIPLOMAT SAID A 3-MAN DELEGATION FROM HANOI VISITED BEIJING LAST MONTH TO DISCUSS THE ARRANGEMENTS.

EARNSHAW REPORTS WESTERN DIPLOMA THE DEVELOPMENT APPEARED TO INDICATE AN IMPORTANT SHIFT IN SINOVietnam-ese RELATIONS, WHICH HAVE BEEN VERY TENSE SINCE THE 1979 BORDER WAR BETWEEN THEM THAT FOLLOWED VIETNAM'S OCCUPATION OF CAMBODIA. ACCORDING TO EARNSHAW, DIPLOMATS SAID THERE HAD BEEN SIGNS OF BOTH SIDES TAKING A MORE CONCILIATORY ATTITUDE IN THE CAMBODIA DISPUTE IN RECENT MONTHS.

EARNSHAW RECALLS THAT HANOI LAST MONTH OFFERED TO PULL ITS TROOPS OUT OF CAMBODIA BY 1990, WHILE THE KHMER ROUGE MILITARY CHIEF POL POT RETIRED THIS MONTH. HE QUOTES A WEST EUROPEAN DIPLOMAT: "THE CHINESE WOULD OBVIOUSLY LIKE TO FIND A WAY OUT OF THE PRESENT POSITION, BUT THEY HAVE TO STICK TO THEIR PRINCIPLES WITH REGARD TO KAMPUCHEA." HE REPORTS ANOTHER DIPLOMAT SPECULATED THAT CHINA MIGHT BE HOPING TO NORMALIZE NONPOLITICAL RELATIONS WITH VIETNAM, AS THEY HAVE WITH THE USSR OVER THE PAST 2 YEARS.

10' MALAYSIA/ASEAN

THE JOURNAL OF COMMERCE REPORTS MALAYSIAN DEPUTY PM MUSA TOLD JOURNALISTS FROM THE 6 ASEAN COUNTRIES THAT THEIR MOST IMPORTANT ROLE IS TO HELP IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THEIR COUNTRIES. IT NOTES MUSA WAS SPEAKING AT THE OPENING OF THE 6TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE CONFEDERATION UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 18 STATE 288203

OF THE ASSOCIATION OF SOUTHEAST ASIAN NATIONS JOURNALISTS' IT REPORTS MUSA SAID THE ROLE OF DEVELOPMENT CATALYST SHOULD TAKE TOP PRIORITY, EVEN OVER THE IDEALS OF "DEMOCRATIC" RIGHTS AND THE WESTERN CONCEPT OF PRESS FREEDOM.

11. INDONESIA

THE JOURNAL OF COMMERCE REPORTS SUHARTO, AT A STATE DINNER IN HIS HONOR IN BUDAPEST, URGED THAT MONEY SPENT ON ARMS BE DIVERTED TO PEACEFUL PURPOSES, ACCORDING TO THE (HUNGARIAN?/ROMANIAN?) STATE-RUN AGERPRES NEWS AGENCY, WHICH QUOTED SUHARTO AS SAYING: "THE ENORMOUS BUDGET USED TO PRODUCE WEAPONS THAT CAN DESTROY THE HUMAN RACE SHOULD BE USED FOR ENDEAVORS TOWARD ADVANCEMENT AND WELL-BEING OF THE WORLD.

THE JOURNAL ADDS THAT SUHARTO ARRIVING FOR HIS FIRST OFFICIAL VISIT TO ROMANIA, CONFERRED WITH CEAUCESCU

ON WAYS TO EXPAND BILATERAL TRADE AND COOPERATION

12' VIETNAM/MIA'S

JACK ANDERSON (WASHINGTON POST AND NEWSDAY) SAYS HE HAS SPENT YEARS INVESTIGATING WHETHER AMERICAN PRISONERS ARE STILL ALIVE IN VIETNAM, LAOS, AND CAMBODIA, AND "WE ARE CONVINCED THAT SOME AMERICANS ON THE MISSING-IN-ACTION LIST HAVE ACTUALLY BEEN HELD IN BONDAGE BY THEIR COMMUNIST CAPTORS FOR MORE THAN A DECADE." HE SAYS THE LATEST TOP SECRET REPORTS IDENTIFY ONE GROUP OF ABOUT 2 DOZEN WHO ARE BELIEVED TO BE DOING "TECHNICAL WORK" FOR THE VIETNAMESE - REPAIRING HELICOPTERS AND OTHER MILITARY HARDWARE LEFT BEHIND BY US FORCES.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 19

STATE 288203

ANDERSON QUOTES A "KEY SOURCE" IN DIA AS STATING: "ACTUALLY, THERE ARE MORE LIKELY A HUNDRED POW'S STILL LIVING THERE." HE REPORTS THE SOURCE BASED THIS ESTIMATE ON SATELLITE PHOTOS, COMMUNICATIONS INTERCEPTS, AND HUMAN RIGHTS. "THE EVIDENCE IS OVERWHELMING," HE SAYS THE SOURCE STATED'

ANDERSON SUGGESTS "THIS EVIDENCE" MAY BE FORCED INTO OPEN COURT BY A CLASS ACTION LAWSUIT FILED BY A FORMER POW, MAJ MARK A SMITH, AND A SPECIAL FORCES SERGEANT, MELVIN MCINTIRE, CHARGING THAT FEDERAL OFFICIALS HAVE VIOLATED US LAW BY NOT AGGRESSIVELY SEEKING THE RELEASE OR RESCUE OF LIVE POW'S STILL BEING HELD IN SOUTHEAST ASIA.

ANDERSON REPORTS SMITH SAYS THAT WHILE SERVING WITH THE SPECIAL FORCES IN KOREA HE GOT INFORMATION FOR DIA PROVING THERE ARE POW'S IN SOUTHEAST ASIA; THE INFORMATION WAS GATHERED "BY TALKING WITH AGENTS IN THE THAI MILITARY, THE LAO RESISTANCE, THE PATHET LAO, THE FREE VIETNAMESE, GUN SMUGGLERS, GOLD SMUGGLERS, DRUG SMUGGLERS, AND ANYONE WHO COULD PROVIDE INFORMATION," HE QUOTES SMITH AS SAYING. HE NOTES SMITH SAID HE CROSS-CHECKED REPORTS OF ABOUT 50 AGENTS, MOST OF WHOM HAD NO KNOWLEDGE OF EACH OTHER BUT WHO CORROBORATED EACHS' TESTIMONY..

ANDERSON ADDS THAT SGT MCINTIRE, WHO ALSO MADE TRIPS TO SOUTHEAST ASIA TO GATHER INFORMATION ON POW'S, SAID HE "LEARNED OF APPROXIMATELY 200 LIVING AMERICANS IN LAOS WHO WERE PRISONERS OF WAR." HE NOTES MCINTIRE SAID HE WAS LATER TOLD THAT HIS AND SMITH'S INTELLIGENCE REPORTS HAD BEEN DESTROYED.

ANDERSON ALSO QUOTES MEDAL OF HONOR WINNER LT COL ROBERT

UNCLASSIFIED

DECLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 20

STATE 288203

LEWIS HOWARD AS SAYING HE WAS TOLD OF LIVE POW SIGHTINGS WHEN HE "PARTICIPATED IN A (1984) TRAINING EXERCISE WHICH I NOW BELIEVE WAS DESIGNED AND INTENDED TO DISCREDIT THE INTELLIGENCE-GATHERING ACTIVITY" OF THE KOREA-BASED SPECIAL FORCES UNIT. HE REPORTS HOWARD SAID THE TRAINING MISSION, "IF COMPLETED AS PLANNED, COULD HAVE RESULTED IN THE KILLING OR CAPTURE OF MYSELF, MAJ MARK SMITH, SGT MCINTIRE, AND OTHERS BY A HOSTILE FORCE. THIS COULD HAVE HAD THE EFFECT OF PUTTING THE AMERICAN POW/MIA ISSUE TO REST."

13. THAILAND

AP (BOSTON GLOBE AND WASHINGTON TIMES), THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR, THE NY TIMES (ALL BANGKOK), NEWSDAY, AND THE WALL STREET JOURNAL REPORT THAT 4 TOP MILITARY OFFICERS, INCLUDING FORMER PM KRIANGSAK, WERE ARRESTED TUESDAY AND CHARGED WITH TREASON, A CAPITAL OFFENSE, BY AUTHORITIES INVESTIGATING LAST WEEK'S FAILED COUP ATTEMPT

AP REPORTS ALLEGATIONS OF KRIANGSAK'S INVOLVEMENT FORCED OB VASURATNA, DEPUTY LEADER OF KRIANGSAK'S NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY, TO RESIGN AS INDUSTRY MINISTER TUESDAY; 2 OF OB'S DEPUTIES IN THE MINISTRY AND ALSO PARTY COLLEAGUES OFFERED RESIGNATIONS AS WELL. IT SAYS NATIONAL POLICE CHIEF NARONG MAHANONDA, WHO HEADS A SPECIAL TEAM INVESTIGATING THE COUP EFFORT, SAID THE 3 OTHERS CHARGED WITH TREASON WERE KRASAE INTHARATNA, FORMER DEPUTY SUPREME COMMANDER, SERM NA NAKORN, FORMER ARMED FORCES SUPREME COMMANDER, AND YOD THEPHASADIN, FORMER DEPUTY ARMY COMMANDER IN CHIEF, WHO HAVE REPORTEDLY SAID THEY WERE FORCED TO JOIN THE COUP ATTEMPT.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 21

STATE 288203

MEANWHILE, AP ADDS, A SENIOR AIR FORCE OFFICER REPORTED THAT 93 AIR FORCE MEN HAVE BEEN DETAINED FOR PURPORTED INVOLVEMENT IN THE COUP ATTEMPT, AND 5 OTHER SUSPECTS IN THE AIR FORCE ARE BEING SOUGHT. IT REPORTS NARONG SAID ARREST WARRANTS WERE OUT FOR 25 PEOPLE OUT OF A TOTAL OF 33 SUSPECTED COUP LEADERS.

AP REPORTS PREM TOLD REPORTERS HE COULD NOT YET SAY IF THERE WOULD BE MORE CHANGES IN THE CABINET THAN THE

DECLASSIFIED

REPLACEMENT OF THE 3 INDUSTRY MINISTRY OFFICIALS. IT
 ADDS PREM REPORTEDLY TOLD THE CABINET AT ITS REGULAR
 WEEKLY MEETING TUESDAY THAT THE FAILED COUP HURT
 THAILAND'S FOREIGN INVESTMENT AND TOURISM AND TARNISHED

ITS REPUTATION. IT SAYS HE ALSO TOLD THE MINISTERS THAT
 PRESIDENT REAGAN AND CHINA'S ZHAO HAD SENT MESSAGES
 CONGRATULATING HIM FOR QUICKLY RESTORING PEACE.

BRANIGIN (WASHINGTON POST BANGKOK) SAYS THAI AUTHORITIES
 ARRESTED AND CHARGED WITH TREASON 5 SENIOR MILITARY MEN
 -- THE 4 NAMED BY AP AND CURRENT DEPUTY SUPREME COMMANDER
 AIR CHIEF MARSHAL ARUN PROMTHEP. HE QUOTES GEN NARONG AS
 SAYING THE 5 WERE AMONG 25 MILITARY PERSONNEL, MEMBERS OF
 PARLIAMENT, LABOR LEADERS, AND BUSINESSMEN SO ARRESTED
 AND CHARGED.

ACCORDING TO REUTER'S DE RIENZO (BANGKOK), POLICE SAID
 WEDNESDAY THAT KRIANGSAK COULD BE SENTENCED TO DEATH OR
 LIFE IMPRISONMENT IF FOUND GUILTY OF BACKING LAST WEEK'S
 COUP ATTEMPT BUT DENIED HE HAD BEEN CHARGED WITH TREASON.

DE RIENZO ADDS THAT WESTERN DIPLOMATS SAID THE ARRESTS OF
 KRIANGSAK AND OTHER FORMER AND ACTIVE GENERALS INDICATED
 TO THEM THAT THE THAI INVESTIGATION OF THE INCIDENT IS
 NOT A COVERUP.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 22 STATE 288203

REUTER (BANGKOK), IN ANOTHER REPORT, SAYS A SENIOR POLICE
 OFFICIAL, SPECIAL BRANCH COMMISSIONER KASEM SAENGMITA,
 SAID WEDNESDAY THAT HE BELIEVES THE COUP-RELATED DEATHS
 OF 2 NBC JOURNALIST AUSTRALIAN NEIL DAVIS AND AMERICAN
 WILLIAM LATCH, WERE ACCIDENTAL. IT REPORTS KASEM SAID
 DAVIS AND LATCH WERE IN THE LINE OF FIRE WHEN REBEL TANKS
 ATTACKED A LOYALIST RADIO STATION LAST MONDAY. IT ADDS
 HE SAID EVIDENCE COLLECTED SO FAR REVEALED NO INTENT AT
 ANY LEVEL IN THE REBEL GROUP TO KILL THE JOURNALISTS.
 HOWEVER, IT OBSERVES, POLICE TOLD REUTER NO TESTIMONY WAS
 SOUGHT FROM JOURNALISTS WHO WITNESSED THE 2 MEN'S DEATHS.

LAST WEEK, REUTER RECALLS, NBC ASIA GENERAL MANAGER BRUCE
 MACDONNELL CHARGED THAT THE 2 MEN WERE DELIBERATELY
 MURDERED BY THE REBELS AND CALLED ON THE RTG TO IDENTIFY
 AND TRY THOSE RESPONSIBLE.

14. INDOCHINA REFUGEES/CAMBODIA/VIETNAM/THAILAND

THE WASHINGTON POST'S RAJESWARY, THE LA TIMES' KEMPSTER
 (ALSO BRIEFLY IN THE BOSTON GLOBE), THE WASHINGTON TIMES'
 DOUBRAVA, AND THE BALTIMORE SUN REPORT ON SMUTTA'S

TESTIMONY BEFORE SENATE JUDICIARY SUBCOMMITTEE: TUESDAY ON
REFUGEE MATTERS (SEE ALSO THE SEPT 17 EAP PRESS SUMMARY).

RAJESWARY REPORTS SHULTZ WARNED CONGRESS THAT THE US
WOULD HAVE TO DRASTICALLY REDUCE REFUGEE ADMISSIONS FOR

THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR IF CONGRESS SHARPLY REDUCES THE
ADMINISTRATION'S 338-MILLION-DOLLAR BUDGET REQUEST' HE
SAYS SHULTZ ALSO SAID HE WOULD ESTABLISH A NEW PANEL TO
REVIEW REFUGEE OPERATIONS IN SOUTHEAST ASIA. HE STATES
THAT DOS OFFICIALS SAID THEY BELIEVE IT IS TIME FOR A
UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 23 STATE 288203

FRESH LOOK AT THE ISSUE, AND HE SAYS SHULTZ IS EXPECTED
TO ANNOUNCED DETAILS OF THE PANEL SOON.

RAJESWARY REPORTS SHULTZ SAID THE PRESIDENT IS PROPOSING
A CEILING OF 70,000 REFUGEE ADMISSIONS TO THE US FOR THE
COMING FISCAL YEAR, BUT HE ADDS THAT THE SECRETARY
INDICATED THERE WOULD BE A SEPARATE CEILING FOR
ADMISSIONS UNDER THE UNHCR'S ORDERLY DEPARTURE PROGRAM
FOR VIETNAM. HE SAYS THE PURPOSE IS TO REASSURE ASEAN
COUNTRIES THAT AN EXPANDING ODP WILL NOT MEAN A DECREASE
IN RESETTLEMENT FROM FIRSM CAMPS AND TO SEND A
CLEAR SIGNAL TO HANOI THAT THE US IS PREPARED "TO MAKE
GOOD ON ITS OFFER TO ACCEPT A LARGE NUMBER OF AMERASIANS
AND 'REEDUCATION CAMP' PRISONERS," ACCORDING TO SHULTZ.

RAJESWARY ADDS THAT SHULTZ SAID THE US WILL BE MEETING
WITH VIETNAMESE REPRESENTATIVES IN GENEVA NEXT MONTH AND
"WILL BE SEEKING AGREEMENT BY VIETNAM TO IMPROVEMENTS IN
THE OPERATION OF THE ODP WHICH WILL ENABLE MORE AMERASIAN
CHILDREN AND OTHER PERSONS OF SPECIAL HUMANITARIAN
CONCERN TO THE US TO LEAVE VIETNAM VIA THIS SAFE AND
HUMANE ROUTE."

DOUBRAVA NOTES THE SECRETARY ALSO SAID THE US IS CREATING
A LIMITED PROGRAM TO REUNITE CAMBODIAN REFUGEES IN SOUTH-
EAST ASIAN CAMPS WITH RELATIVES IN THIS COUNTRY, WHILE
REAFFIRMING THE ADMINISTRATION'S SUPPORT FOR THAILAND'S
POLICY THAT "RESETTLEMENT ABROAD SHOULD NOT BE VIEWED AS
THE PRIMARY SOLUTION" TO THE PLIGHT OF SOME 230,000
CAMBODIANS WHO HAVE FLED FIGHTING IN THEIR HOMELAND AND
LIVE IN EVACUATION CAMPS ALONG THE THAI BORDER. HE
REPORTS SHULTZ SAID THE REFUGEES' PLIGHT WAS OF "INTENSE
CONCERN" TO THE US AND WARRANTED THE NEW PROGRAM, WHICH
WOULD BE SUBJECT TO THAI GOVERNMENT APPROVAL.

DOUBRAVA ADDS THAT THE PROPOSED 70,000 REFUGEE CEILING
UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

DECLASSIFIED

PAGE 24

STATE 288203

WOULD INCLUDE 40,000 SLOTS FOR EAST ASIA AND 8500 FOR THE VIETNAMESE ODP

KEMPSTER SAYS THE SECRETARY ACCUSED VIETNAM OF "BACKING OFF" FROM A PROMISE TO RELEASE POLITICAL PRISONERS FOR RESETTLEMENT IN THE US AND SAID WASHINGTON REMAINS READY TO OFFER HAVEN TO ALL THE PRISONERS AND THEIR FAMILIES, ABOUT 10,000 PEOPLE' HE QUOTES SHULTZ AS SAYING THE US

IS PREPARED FOR "BILATERAL TALKS" WITH HANOI "ON OUR HUMANITARIAN INITIATIVE TO RESETTLE THE FORMER AND PRESENT 'RE-EDUCATION CAMP' PRISONERS."

KEMPSTER ALSO NOTES THAT SHULTZ CITED THE NEAR DOUBLING OF THE NUMBER OF AMERASIAN CHILDREN RELEASED BY VIETNAM TO ALMOST 4000 CHILDREN AND FAMILIES YEAR.

15' GENERAL/JAPAN

REUTER (9/17), THE WASHINGTON POST'S DRYDEN, AND THE WASHINGTON TIMES REPORT PM DIRECTOR H ALLEN HOLMES SAID TUESDAY THAT THE SOVIET UNION HAS DEPLOYED 18 MORE NUCLEAR-TIPPED SS-20 MEDIUM-RANGE MISSILES IN THE PAST 3 MONTHS, CONTINUING A STEADY BUILD-UP DESPITE A SOVIET ANNOUNCEMENT OF A MORATORIUM.

DRYDEN NOTES HOLMES SAID THE NEW DEPLOYMENTS BRING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF SS-20'S, WHICH CARRY 3 WARHEADS EACH, TO 441. ACCORDING TO DRYDEN, THE SOVIET MORATORIUM APPLIED ONLY TO EUROPEAN DEPLOYMENTS UNTIL NOVEMBER. HE SAYS HOLMES DECLINED TO COMMENT ON WHETHER THE NEW DEPLOYMENTS WERE IN SOVIET EUROPEAN TERRITORY, SOVIET ASIA, OR BOTH. HE REPORTS HOLMES MADE THE ANNOUNCEMENT AFTER CHAIRING A
UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 25

STATE 288203

MEETINGS OF NATO'S SPECIAL CONSULTATIVE GROUP.

THE WASHINGTON TIMES NOTES THAT HOLMES, IN DECLINING TO SPECIFY WHERE IN THE SOVIET UNION THE SS-20'S ARE DEPLOYED, POINTED OUT THAT THE MOBILE MISSILES "CAN BE MOVED IN A QUESTION OF WEEKS OF OR EVEN DAYS." IT REPORTS HE HOLMES ALSO SAID: "GIVEN THE HIGHLY MOBILE QUALITY OF THE SS20, WE HAVE ALWAYS THOUGHT IT ESSENTIAL TO NEGOTIATE ON A BASIS OF GLOBALITY" = MEANING AN AGREEMENT ON REDUCTIONS SHOULD COVER SS-20'S IN THE EUROPEAN AND ASIAN PARTS OF THE USSR, IT EXPLAINS.

DECLASSIFIED

Page 18

THE WASHINGTON POST'S FEAVER, THE NY TIMES' GALEUKAS, THE LA TIMES' PAGANO, AND AP (WASHINGTON TIMES) REPORT THAT THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT'S ANTI-TRUST DIVISION, IN A FILING WITH THE TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT TUESDAY, SAID THE EFFECT OF THE PROPOSED ACQUISITION BY UNITED AIRLINES OF PAN AMERICAN'S PACIFIC ROUTES "MAY BE SUBSTANTIALLY TO REDUCE COMPETITION FOR SCHEDULED AIR PASSENGER SERVICE BETWEEN THE US AND TOKYO."

FEAVER REPORTS DOJ CALLED FOR DOT TO REQUIRE THAT UNITED SPIN OFF A ROUTE BETWEEN THE WEST COAST OF THE US (SEATTLE-PORTLAND, LOS ANGELES, OR SAN FRANCISCO, ACCORDING AND TOKYO AS THE PRICE OF APPROVING THE

AGREEMENT. HOWEVER, HE ADDS, DOT'S PUBLIC COUNSEL DISAGREED, SAYING: "NO PARTY HS SHOWN THAT THIS TRANSACTION WILL REDUCE ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL COMPETITION IN ANY USPACIFIC MARKET."

AP SAYS TRANSPORTATION SECRETARY DOLE WILL DECIDE BY OCT 31 WHETHER TO APPROVE THE ACQUISITION. IT ADDS DOJ ALSO SAID THAT IF IT WERE NECESSARY TO PRESERVE COMPETITION, UNITED MIGHT HAVE TO GIVE UP SOME TAKE-OFF AND LANDING SLOTS AT TOKYO'S NARITA AIRPORT AND SOME "BEYOND TOKYO UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 26 STATE 288203

RIGHTS."

PAGANO REPORTS UNITED RESPONDED WITH A STATEMENT TUESDAY THAT IT WOULD HAVE TO DETERMINE WHETHER TO COMPLETE THE DEAL IF A CONDITION WERE IMPOSED REQUIRING DIVESTITURE OF THE SEATTLE-TOKYO ROUTE.

16' NEW ZEALAND/ANZUS

REUTER'S BATTYE, NOTING THE VISIT BEGINNING WEDNESDAY OF NEW ZEALAND'S PALMER TO WASHINGTON FOR TALKS ON THE SHIP VISIT ISSUE, SAYS THE DEPUTY PM LEFT WELLINGTON AMID OFFICIAL EXPRESSIONS OF CAUTIOUS OPTIMISM IN NZ THAT THE DISPUTE COULD BE RESOLVED. HE REPORTS US OFFICIALS SAY WASHINGTON IS EQUALLY EAGER TO END THE ROW. HOWEVER, HE ADDS, US OFFICIALS TOLD REUTER WASHINGTON IS IN NO MOOD TO COMPROMISE ITS NCND POLICY. BUT HE REPORTS THEY SAID THE US HAS BEEN INTRIGUED BY NZ PRESS REPOR TS OUTLINING POSSIBLE COMPROMISES BETWEEN THAT POLICY AND NZ'S NUCLEAR-SHIP BAN AND IS KEEN TO HEAR WHAT PALMER MIGHT PROPOSE.

ACCORDING TO BATTYE, THE US HAS RECEIVED NO OFFICIAL WORD YET FROM LANGE'S GOVERNMENT ON WHAT SUCH A COMPROMISE

MIGHT ENTAIL, AND HE SAYS WELLINGTON'S FAILURE TO MAKE ITS IDEAS KNOWN FORMALLY IN ADVANCE PRODUCED AN ATMOSPHERE OF CONFUSION IN WASHINGTON. HE QUOTES AN OFFICIAL AS SAYING: "WE'RE REALLY NOT SURE WHAT TO EXPECT, SO WE'RE NOT SURE HOW WE ARE GOING TO RESPOND." HE REPORTS OFFICIALS ALSO SAID THEY DOUBTED HOW MUCH COMPROMISE WOULD BE POSSIBLE GIVEN LANGE'S COMMITMENT SHIRING NZ'S NUCLEAR BAN IN LEGISLATION AND WASHINGTON'S COMMITMENT TO NOT GIVING WAY ON A POINT OF PRINCIPLE.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 27 STATE 288203

BATTYE REPORTS ANZUS DIPLOMATIC SOURCES SAID NZ APPEARS TO BE GENUINE IN ITS BID FOR A COMPROMISE, BUT THEY DOUBTED WHETHER THE US IS PREPARED TO MEET WELLINGTON HALF WAY. HE QUOTES ONE SOURCE AS SAYING: "NEW ZEALAND DIDN'T REALIZE WHAT IT WAS GETTING ITSELF INTO WHEN IT

BANNED THE BUCHANAN." HE ADD THE SOURCES SUGGESTED THAT POTENTIAL DAMAGE TO NZ WENT FAR BEYOND ANZUS INTO THE ECONOMIC REALM, A POINT THAT APPEARED TO BE PROMPTING WELLINGTON'S EFFORT TO FIND A WAY OUT OF THE PROBLEM.

BATTYE REPORTS THE SOURCES POINTED OUT THAT THE US HAD GONE OUT OF ITS WAY IN THE PAST TO PREVENT CONGRESS LIMITING IMPORTS OF NZ'S DAIRY GOODS AND MEAT TO PROTECT THE INTERESTS OF AN ALLY, BUT "IF THIS (SHIP VISIT) ROW GOES ON, THE ADMINISTRATION WILL STOP DOING THAT, AND THE EFFECTS ON NEW ZEALAND COULD BE SEVERE," HE QUOTES ONE AS SAYING.

BATTYE ALSO QUOTES THE "CRYPTIC" REMARK OF A US OFFICIAL: "THERE'S A LOT OF DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE WAY WE TREAT AN ALLY AND THE WAY WE TREAT A GOOD FRIEND."

17' NEW ZEALAND/GREENPEACE

AFP, REUTER (BOTH 9/17), THE NY TIMES' LEWIS AND BERNSTEIN, THE WASHINGTON POST'S DOBBS, THE LA TIMES' MEISLER (ALSO IN NEWSDAY), THE BOSTON GLOBE'S KOVEN, THE BALTIMORE SUN, THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR (ALL PARIS), AND THE WALL STREET JOURNAL REPORT THAT THE RESPECTED FRENCH NEWSPAPER "LE MONDE" AND THE INVESTIGATIVE WEEKLY "LE CANARD ENCHAINE" REPORTED TUESDAY THAT A "THIRD TEAM" OF FRENCH UNDERWATER SABOTEURS HAD ORDERS TO BLOW UP THE "GREENPEACE" SHIP "RAINBOW WARRIOR," ACCORDING TO DOBBS.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 28

STATE 288203

UNCLASSIFIED

LEWIS SAYS "LE MONDE" ALSO REPORTED THAT DEFENSE MINISTER HERNU APPARENTLY HAD APPROVED THE OPERATION AND THAT THIS WAS SUBSEQUENTLY CO FROM THE OFFICIAL FRENCH INQUIRY ORDERED BY MITTERRAND.. HE NOTES HERNU REJECTED THE REPORT AS PART OF "THE CAMPAIGN OF RUMORS AND INSINUATIONS BEING WAGED AGAINST FRENCH MILITARY OFFICIALS OVER THE ATTACK ON THE RAINBOW WARRIOR."

ACCORDING TO CATE, "LE MONDE" REPORTED THAT HERNU AND 2 GENERALS COVERED UP THE INVOLVEMENT OF THE FRENCH SECRET SERVICE IN THE BOMBING. HE POINTS OUT THAT THE 3RD TEAM OF FRENCH SECRET SERVICE FROGMEN WAS NOT MENTIONED IN THE OFFICIAL FRENCH INQUIRY'S REPORT.

MEISLER SAYS THE REPORT, IF TRUE, WOULD INDICATE AN ATTEMPT AT A MASSIVE COVER-UP BY MITTERRAND'S GOVERNMENT AND THAT HIGH OFFICIALS OF THE MINISTRY OF DEFENSE AND THE FRENCH INTELLIGENCE AGENCY "AND PERHAPS THE PRESIDENT'S OFFICE" LIED TO THE SPECIAL INVESTIGATOR WHO CLEARED THE GOF RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE INDICENT IN HIS

REPORT HE NOTES LE MONDE SAID THE 5 FRENCH INTELLIGENCE AGENTS NOW UNDER ARREST OR SOUGHT BY NEW ZEALAND AUTHORITIES WERE ACCOMPLICES IN THE CRIME BUT DID NOT ACTUALLY PLACE THE MINES ON THE SHIP'S HULL'

AFP (WELLINGTON) REPORTS LANGE SAID WEDNESDAY THAT HE HAD "NO COMMENT" ON THE FRENCH NEWSPAPER REPORTS, SAYING - IN REFERENCE TO REPORTS THAT 2 FRENCH AGENTS NOW IN JAIL IN NZ WERE "DECOYS" WHO SUPPLIED THE REAL PERPETRATORS WITH EQUIPMENT FOR THE BOMBING - THAT IT IS NOW "A MATTER FOR THE COURTS TO DECIDE" AND THAT THE PRINCIPLE OF A FAIR TRIAL FOR THOSE ALREADY ACCUSED "IS PARAMOUNT."

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 29

STATE 288203

REUTER'S MELCHIOR (WELLINGTON) REPORTS NZ POLICE SAID WEDNESDAY THAT THEY KNOW THE IDENTITY OF 1 OF THE 2 FRENCH SECRET SERVICE AGENTS ACCUSED BY FRENCH NEWSPAPERS OF SINKING THE RAINBOW WARRIOR, INDICATING THEY WERE REFERRING TO A FRENCH SECRET SERVICE OFFICER KNOWN BY AT LEAST 2 DIFFERENT NAMES.

IN ANOTHER ITEM, MELCHIOR (REUTER WELLINGTON) SAYS NZ POLICE SOURCES INDICATED WEDNESDAY THAT THE REPORTS IN FRENCH NEWSPERE IN LINE WITH INFORMATION HELD BY NZ AUTHORITIES.

REUTER (PARIS 9/15) AND THE BALTIMORE SUN (9/16) REPORT

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CHANNEL: n/a

THAT A GREENPEACE PROTEST FLOTILLA AND FRENCH WARSHIPS
APPEAR SET FOR A CONFRONTATION ON THE HIGH SEAS AROUND
FRANCE'S CONTROVERSIAL NUCLEAR TESTING SITE IN THE SOUTH
PACIFIC. THEY SAY THAT AS THE "GREENPEACE," THE
ORGANIZATION'S FLAGSHIP, APPROACHED THE PANAMA CANAL,
FRENCH DEFENSE SOURCES SAID A WARSHIP WAS HEADING FOR THE
MARQUESAS ISLANDS, WHERE IT WOULD LIE IN WAIT FOR THE
PROTESTORS. THEY REPORT THE WARSHIP WILL SHADOW THE
GREENPEACE FLOTILLA TOWARD THE MURUROA TEST SITE, WHERE
OTHER UNITS OF THE FRENCH PACIFIC FLEET HAVE BEEN ALERTED
TO PREVENT THE PROTESTERS FROM VIOLATING A 12-MILE
TERRITORIAL LIMIT AROUND THE ATOLL.

REUTER (COPENHAGEN 9/17) QUOTES FINNISH PRIME MINISTER
KALEVI SORSA AS SAYING TUESDAY THAT THE DISPUTE BETWEEN
SOCIALIST LED FRANCE AND NEW ZEALAND OVER FRENCH NUCLEAR
TESTS IN THE PACIFIC IS "PAINFUL" TO THE SOCIALIST
INTERNATIONAL. IT POINTS OUT THAT SORSA HEADS THE
ORGANIZATION'S DISARMAMENT COMMISSION. SHULTZ

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INR-00 IO-16 ITC-01 L-01 ADS-00 NSAE-00 NSCE-00
NSF-01 OES-09 OIC-02 OMB-01 OPIC-01 PM-00 PRS-01
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RIO DE JAN 01 OF 02 1518

PAGE 02 RIO DE 01518 01 OF 02 181619Z
SUBJECT: REPORT CLAIMS HIGHER COSTS FOR ANGRA II PROJECT

REF: A) RIO 1028 B) FIBIS REPORT 052259Z APR 94

1. SUMMARY: PUBLIC DEBATE SURROUNDING THE ANGRA II NUCLEAR POWER PLANT HAS INTENSIFIED FOLLOWING RELEASE OF INFORMATION FROM A STUDY BY A GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTING BODY WHICH SHOWED COSTS TO BE HIGHER THAN PREVIOUSLY REPORTED. THE PLANT, WHICH HAS BEEN UNDER CONSTRUCTION FOR MORE THAN 15 YEARS, HAS ALREADY COST USD 4.5 BILLION TO USD 5.0 BILLION AND WOULD REQUIRE USD 1.5 TO 2.0 BILLION TO COMPLETE, THESE COSTS DO NOT INCLUDE FINANCING AND INTEREST. ENVIRONMENTAL GROUPS OPPOSE COMPLETION OF THE PLANT. END SUMMARY.

2. A REPORT ISSUED BY THE OFFICE OF THE TRIBUNAL DE CONTAS DA UNIAO (TCU - NATIONAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE) OF BRAZIL, CLAIMS THAT THE ACTUAL COSTS OF THE ANGRA II NUCLEAR POWER STATION PROJECT ARE HIGHER THAN PREVIOUSLY REPORTED. FURNAS, THE ELECTRIC UTILITY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PLANT, HAS PREVIOUSLY STATED THAT IT HAS SPENT USD 4.5 BILLION THUS FAR ON THE PROJECT. ONE TELEVISION NEWS PROGRAM REPORTED THAT THE TRIBUNAL'S STUDY STATES THE COSTS FOR ANGRA II ARE APPROXIMATELY USD 5.0 BILLION AND, IF INTEREST AND FINANCING COSTS ARE INCLUDED, COME TO USD 10 BILLION. REPORTS ON THE TCU STUDY BY VARIOUS NEWSPAPERS AND TELEVISION STATIONS DIFFER SOMEWHAT ON THE EXACT AMOUNTS, BUT ALL AGREE THAT THE COSTS ARE GREATER THAN PREVIOUSLY REPORTED.

3. CONSTRUCTION AT THE ANGRA II PROJECT BEGAN FIFTEEN YEARS AGO BUT IT IS STILL NOT COMPLETED. ACCORDING TO

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SOURCES AT FURNAS, AN ADDITIONAL USD 1.5 BILLION WILL BE REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE GENERATING STATION AND BRING IT INTO OPERATION. THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT HAS REPORTEDLY OFFERED USD 750 MILLION IN LOANS FOR THIS PURPOSE. THIS AMOUNT MUST BE MATCHED BY THE BRAZILIANS, WHO HAVE NOT YET COME UP WITH THEIR SHARE OF THE MONEY TO COMPLETE THE PROJECT. A SOURCE AT ELETROBRAS, THE FEDERALLY OWNED HOLDING COMPANY WHICH CONTROLS FURNAS, TOLD RRO THAT HIS ESTIMATE TO COMPLETE THE PROJECT IS USD 2 BILLION.

4. THE TRIBUNAL'S REPORT HAS BEEN WELCOMED BY SOME ENVIRONMENTAL GROUPS THAT WOULD LIKE TO SEE THE ANGRA II PROJECT CANCELLED. NEWSPAPERS HAVE REPORTED THAT GREENPEACE WILL TRY TO USE THE RESULTS OF THE TCU REPORT TO DEMAND THE TERMINATION OF CONSTRUCTION OF THE PLANT. ALFREDO SIRKIS, AN ENVIRONMENTAL ACTIVIST AND ADVISOR TO THE MAYOR ON ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS, SPEAKING TO THE CONSUL GENERAL, EXPRESSED PLEASURE IN THE PUBLICITY RESULTING FROM THE RELEASE OF THE REPORT. HE AND SOME OTHER ENVIRONMENTALISTS ADVOCATE CONVERTING THE PLANT TO USE NATURAL GAS, BUT OFFICIALS AT FURNAS HAVE SAID THIS IS NOT ECONOMICALLY VIABLE.

5. RRO SPOKE TO THE HEAD OF INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS AT ELETROBRAS WHO EXPLAINED THAT FROM ELETROBRAS' VIEW, THE PROJECT IS STILL VIABLE. THE FIRM'S PROJECTIONS SHOW THE PROJECT WOULD BRING GENERATING CAPACITY OF 1,300 MEGAWATTS ON LINE BY 1998 FOR AN EXPENDITURE OF USD 2 BILLION. IN HIS OPINION, THIS COMPARES FAVORABLY WITH ALTERNATIVE PROJECTS AVAILABLE TO ELETROBRAS. THE MONEY ALREADY EXPENDED ON THE PROJECT REPRESENTS A SUNK COST, AND SHOULD NOT DETERMINE THE COMPANY'S ALLOCATION OF ITS FUTURE SPENDING. HE ALSO MENTIONED THAT IT IS POSSIBLE THE NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANTS WILL BE TRANSFERRED FROM FURNAS TO ELETROBRAS, AS THE ELECTRIC SECTOR IS PREPARED FOR PRIVATIZATION. WHILE THE LAW ALLOWS PRIVATE PARTICIPATION IN ELECTRIC UTILITIES, THE CONSTITUTION GRANTS THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT MONOPOLY CONTROL OF NUCLEAR POWER.

6. EVEN WHILE ONE OFFICE OF ELETROBRAS SPEAKS FAVORABLY OF THE PROJECT, OTHER DEPARTMENTS HAVE PROVIDED

INFORMATION WHICH REFLECTS UNFAVORABLY ON THE PLANT. THE RECENTLY RELEASED TEN YEAR PLAN (1994 - 2003) FOR ELETROBRAS PROJECTS THE COSTS OF GENERATING ELECTRICITY AT ANGRA II AT 16.2 U.S. CENTS PER KILOWATT HOUR, THE HIGHEST COST OF ANY PLANT IN THE ELETROBRAS SYSTEM.

7. COMMENT: THE DEBATE BETWEEN THE ENVIRONMENTALISTS AND THE ELECTRIC UTILITIES IS LIKELY TO CONTINUE. THE TCU REPORT IS YET ANOTHER FACTOR NEGATIVELY INFLUENCING PUBLIC DEBATE SURROUNDING THE PROJECT. LEGAL CHALLENGES ARE LIKELY IN THE FUTURE AS THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

RIO DE JAN 02 OF 02 1518

SUBJECT: REPORT CLAIMS HIGHER COSTS FOR ANGRA II PROJECT

STATEMENT FOR ANGRA II HAS NOT BEEN COMPLETED. THE ELETROBRAS VIEW THAT THE PLANT CAN BE IN OPERATION BY 1998 MAY BE OVERLY OPTIMISTIC. COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT IS ULTIMATELY A POLITICAL DECISION. IT SEEMS UNLIKELY THAT THE FRANCO ADMINISTRATION WILL MAKE THAT DECISION. END COMMENT.
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1 RPTS HERITAGE

2 DCMN HERITAGE

4 NUCLEAR ISSUES IN THE SOUTH PACIFIC

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6 Wednesday, November 15, 1995

8 House of Representatives,

9 Subcommittee on Asia and the Pacific,

10 Committee on International Relations,

11 Washington, D.C.,

13 The subcommittee met, pursuant to call, at 2:03 p.m. in
14 Room 2200, Rayburn House Office Building, Washington, D.C.,
15 Hon. Doug Bereuter, [chairman of the subcommittee]
16 presiding.

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342 STATEMENT OF THOMAS E. MC NAMARA, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF
343 STATE FOR POLITICAL-MILITARY AFFAIRS, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
344 STATE

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345
346 Mr. MCNAMARA. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Good afternoon to
you and the members of the subcommittee.

I am here today to discuss two issues that have direct
relevance to the nuclear non-proliferation regime, the issue
350 of the treaty creating the South Pacific Nuclear Free Zone,
351 known as the Treaty of Rarotonga, and the French nuclear
352 testing in that zone. First, however, I would like to put
353 these discussions into a global context, if I might.

354 The cornerstone of the global nuclear non-proliferation
355 regime, the treaty of non-proliferation of nuclear weapons,
356 the NPT, was extended indefinitely unconditionally in May of
this year. That extension of the NPT, a treaty which is
essential and invaluable in securing global peace and
359 security, was made possible through the combined efforts of
360 many nations.

361 Leadership on the indefinite extension of the NPT was
362 exercised by a very diverse group of states which included,
363 among others, the United States, West European countries,
364 Canada, Australia, Japan, Argentina, and South Africa. South
365 Africa placed a unique role in the conference, the only
366 country to have possessed nuclear weapons and to have

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367 renounced them and joined the NPT. President Mandela's
368 courage, wisdom, and foresight on this issue were central to
369 achieving the treaty's permanent extension. In addition, the
370 contributions of the nations of the South Pacific, while
371 less public, were equally vital.

372 These states were long-term advocates of NPT extension,
373 endorsing the principle of indefinite extension at the 1993
374 and 1994 meetings of their regional organization, the South
375 Pacific Forum. They joined with us at the NPT Review
376 Conference in sponsoring the resolution to extend the NPT
377 indefinitely and without condition, a resolution ultimately
378 co-sponsored by a majority of all of the NPT parties.
379 President Clinton called this overwhelming consensus in
380 favor of making the treaty permanent critical in making the
381 American people and the people of the world more safe and
382 secure.

383 Let me turn now to the Treaty of Rarotonga, or the South
384 Pacific Nuclear Free Zone Treaty. As we noted in connection
385 with the decision to extend the NPT, the U.S. believes that
386 internationally recognized nuclear weapon free zones, on the
387 basis of arrangements freely arrived at among the states of
388 the region concerned, can and do contribute to international
389 peace and security. The 1995 NPT Review and Extension
390 Conference Resolution on Principles and Objectives repeated
391 this judgement and encouraged the creation of the such zones

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392 as a matter of priority. The conference also recognized that
393 the cooperation of all the nuclear weapons states, and their
394 respect and support of the relevant protocols, are necessary
395 for maximum effectiveness of such nuclear weapon free zones.
396 In this light, the U.S., the U.K., and France jointly
397 announced on October 20, 1995 our intention to sign the
398 relevant protocols to a South Pacific Nuclear Free Zone, the
399 Treaty of Rarotonga, in the first half of 1996.

400 The treaty prohibits the testing, manufacture,
401 acquisition, or stationing of nuclear explosive devices in
402 the territory of the parties to the treaty and also
403 prohibits the dumping of radioactive wastes at sea within
404 the zone. The treaty also requires all parties to apply full
405 scope International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards to all
406 their peaceful nuclear activities. A comprehensive control
407 system, which includes mandatory on-site inspections, has
408 been established to verify compliance with the treaty. The
409 treaty affirms the right of each party to allow visits by
410 foreign ships and aircraft to its ports and airfields.
411 Finally, the treaty specifically upholds freedom of
412 navigation on the high seas and passage through territorial
413 waters guaranteed by international law.

414 In addition, the treaty also has three protocols. Protocol
415 1 provides states with territories within the zone are to
416 apply the basic provisions of the treaty to their respective

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417 territories, and the treaty will therefore apply to American
418 Samoa and Jarvis Island once the U.S. ratifies this
419 protocol.

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420 Under Protocol 2, the nuclear weapons states agree not to
421 use or threaten to use nuclear weapons against any party to
422 the treaty or the territory within the zone of protocol
423 parties.

424 Under Protocol 3, nuclear weapons states agree not to test
425 nuclear weapons within the zone established by the treaty.

426 The Treaty of Rarotonga was opened for signature on August
427 6, 1985 at Rarotonga, the largest of the Cook Islands. All
428 nations of the South Pacific are eligible to join the
429 treaty. The treaty entered into force December 11, 1986. The
430 protocols to the treaty were opened for signature on August
431 8, 1986 and I would stress that none of the U.S. current or
432 prior activities or practices within the zone established by
433 the treaty are inconsistent with either the treaty or its
434 protocols.

435 Our decision to sign the relevant protocols of the Treaty
436 of Rarotonga at this time and the recent joint announcement
437 to that effect reflect positive regional and global
438 developments that have recently occurred. All countries
439 relevant to the treaty and its protocols have become parties
440 to the Treaty of Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, the
441 NPT. Also as we have seen, the NPT itself was extended

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442 indefinitely and without conditions on May 11, 1995. We have
443 also made progress on a comprehensive treaty banning the
444 testing of nuclear explosive devices. All of these positive
445 developments have contributed to our recent announce with
446 the U.K. and France that we will sign the relevant protocols
447 to the treaty during the first half of 1996.

448 Finally on this issue, Mr. Chairman, I would like to
449 emphasize an essential point. None of the practices or
450 activities of the United States in the region are impaired
451 by the Treaty of Rarotonga. In particular, the rights of
452 transit for naval forces are specifically guaranteed. In
453 short, the treaty helps guarantee our own security and the
454 security of nations in the zone in a thoughtful manner
455 consistent with U.S. global policies concerning nuclear-
456 non-proliferation.

457 Next, Mr. Chairman, let me turn to the issue of nuclear
458 testing. The issue of nuclear testing by France or any other
459 nation is best viewed in the context of efforts to achieve a
460 Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty, at CTBT, in 1996. The
461 CTBT is a high priority of this administration. A universal
462 and verifiable CTBT will serve the U.S. national interest by
463 foreclosing the possibility of further nuclear weapons
464 modernization by the five nuclear weapons states and by
465 establishing barriers to the development of modern nuclear
466 weapons by the non-nuclear weapons and threshold-nuclear

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467 states. As an indirect but very real benefit, the CTBT will
468 strengthen the Non-Proliferation Treaty, the key to
469 international nuclear non-proliferation. Most parties to the
470 NPT, including successive U.S. administrations, have
471 interpreted the NPT's Article VI to require nuclear-weapons
472 states to conclude a CTBT.

473 The President has given this issue his personal attention
474 and has twice made decisions designed to move the
475 negotiations in Geneva forward. In January of this year, he
476 decided to abandon the U.S. position enabling nations to
477 withdraw from the treaty after ten years for reasons other
478 than supreme national interest, and in August, he announced
479 the United States would pursue a zero yield CTBT.

480 The U.S. has consistently urged other nations in the
481 Conference on Disarmament to move forward quickly. We have,
482 for instance, sought extra meetings during the periods
483 between the conference's regular sessions, and the President
484 has also written his counterparts among the members of the
485 Conference urging them to instruct their negotiators to
486 conclude the treaty in time for a signature in the fall of
487 1996.

488 France is a strong supporter of the zero yield CTBT, which
489 is the position of the United States, and concluding the
490 treaty by the fall of 1996. We take note of President
491 Chirac's strong commitment to end the testing and conclude a

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492 CTBT by May of 1996, and to sign a CTBT no later than that
493 fall. In addition, France has been very helpful, extremely
494 helpful, in working within the P-3 and the P-5 to forge an
495 agreement on the details of such a treaty, and we believe
496 the continued active participation is critical to signing
497 the treaty by next fall.

498 While we welcome France's commitment to a zero yield CTBT
499 and its support of our efforts and others to have the treaty
500 ready for signature, we regret the French decision to resume
501 testing. We have repeatedly and consistently made our
502 position known to them. We believe a global moratorium on
503 nuclear testing will provide the most favorable environment
504 in which to negotiate a true zero yield Comprehensive Test
505 Ban. In this light, we are pleased to note the French
506 decision to curtail their testing schedule from eight tests
507 to six. Finally, by committing itself through the October 20
508 joint statement to sign the relevant protocols of the Treaty
509 of Rarotonga that prohibit nuclear testing in that zone,
510 France has signaled its intention to halt nuclear testing by
511 mid-1996.

512 Once again, I would like to thank the Committee for
513 allowing me to come here and to speak before it, and I would
514 be pleased to answer any questions you may have.

515 [The statement of Mr. McNamara follows:]

516

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543 States with fissile material and other nuclear test
544 materials when we were disallowed by a NATO ally--they are
545 not a part of the military command structure, but they are a
546 NATO ally--the ability to overfly France during the Libyan
547 activities.

548 Mr. MCNAMARA. Well, Mr. Chairman, let me note that first
549 of all, I am not familiar with the article that you
550 mentioned. However, governments--the United States and
551 France--regularly seek and are granted clearance for official
552 aircraft to overfly other countries. The United States seeks
553 and grants such overflight of the United States. We seek it
554 from France, and other countries also.

555 The request for these overflights and the permission for
556 these flights acknowledge and ordinarily under U.S. law are
557 required to acknowledge the presence of hazardous materials.
558 The French are aware of that and they fill out the necessary
559 forms when requesting the overflights, and in only one case
560 did they indicate that they were requesting an overflight of
561 an aircraft that was carrying hazardous materials. The
562 hazardous materials were not nuclear, nor were they related
563 to nuclear activities.

564 We have granted overflight clearance to several French
565 military missions in 1995. The French have been following
566 all of the regulations that we have with respect to these
567 flights. I would like to point out also that in granting

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568 these overflight rights and landing rights, the United
569 States is following customary and accepted international
570 practice. These flights with the diplomatic and military
571 privileges that accrue to such flights have been a standard
572 practice in the United States and among our allies for many
573 years. That does not mean that every single flight is
574 approved or that we do not turn down some flights, just as
575 France practicing its sovereign rights at times does turn
576 down such flights.

577 But in fact, the standard diplomatic practice is that the
578 transit of these aircraft is permitted. In that context, the
579 United States has been approving these flights. With respect
580 to France not allowing the U.S. flights in the case of
581 Libya, that was a policy decision by the French government
582 having specifically to do with the attack that was occurring
583 or going to occur in Libya.

584 In fact, there are literally thousands of U.S. flights
585 that overfly France, and France represents a very vital link
586 in our NATO flight patterns in Europe. As I would point out,
587 there are neutral countries that lie between Germany and
588 Italy, for example, and between Germany and Spain that means
589 that the overflight of France is a regular and very frequent
590 occurrence.

591 Mr. BEREUTER. Yes, Mr. Secretary, I am aware of that. I
592 would have two specific questions for you. One, have French

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593 flown fissile material over the United States, and two, is
594 it contrary to U.S. law?

595 Mr. MCNAMARA. It is. To fly nuclear materials or fissile
596 material without declaring them as hazardous material and
597 without getting U.S. permission would be contrary to U.S.
598 law, and I have no information that France has violated U.S.
599 law.

600 Mr. BEREUTER. All right. According to the testimony of
601 Greenpeace, which they will offer here today, as early as
602 July of 1979, cracks were detected in the Mururoa--I am not
603 sure I pronounced that right--Atoll surface. Can you comment
604 upon the Government's knowledge of the accuracy of that
605 statement or condition, or the likelihood of that
606 phenomenon?

607 Mr. MCNAMARA. I am not an expert in this area and I do not
608 know what cracks may or may not have been observed. I can
609 state that the United States Government knows and approves
610 of the requests by the government of France to the
611 International Atomic Energy Agency in Vienna to go to the
612 atoll, to go to the area around the atoll also, and to
613 conduct an inspection. It is our believe that the
614 International Atomic Energy Agency in Vienna is a competent,
615 highly respected, and impartial body and they are now
616 undertaking two respond to the French invitation to come and
617 conduct such an inspection.

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618 I think the answer to those questions are best at this
619 point held in abeyance until we have the report resulting
620 from the inspection by the IAEA. I would note that if the
621 United States is invited to join in such an inspection, we
622 would in all likelihood be very pleased to do so.

623 Mr. BEREUTER. Thank you. I think Mr. Faleomavaega will
624 pursue matters related to the testing more extensively. I
625 would like to move to the South Pacific Nuclear Free Zone
626 for the remainder of my questions, I believe.

627 In your statement, referring to the Treaty of Rarotonga,
628 on Page 5 you indicate, "In particular, rights of transit
629 for naval forces are specifically guaranteed in the
630 treaty." I would ask you, does that include American naval
631 vessels with nuclear weapons or nuclear powered naval
632 vessels, either way?

633 Mr. MCNAMARA. Yes. In fact, both would be permitted to
634 transit the zone, according to the terms of the treaty.

635 Mr. BEREUTER. Looking at Protocol No. 1, Article I, the
636 prohibitions contained in Articles III, V, and VI insofar as
637 they relate to manufacture, stationing, and testing of any
638 nuclear explosive device within these territories, the word
639 I am focusing on there and want you to focus on is the
640 "stationing" question. Do you have any concerns--do we as a
641 government have any concerns about the meaning of
642 "stationing"?

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643 Mr. MCNAMARA. We do not have at this time any concerns.
644 The term "'stationing'" would not, if this is asked in
645 connection with the previous question--

646 Mr. BEREUTER. It is.

647 Mr. MCNAMARA. It would not affect transit, which is a
648 separate category and recognized in international law as
649 being a specific activity. Transitting and stationing are
650 two different things.

651 Mr. BEREUTER. Do you foresee any circumstances where the
652 U.S. facilities at the Kwajalein Atoll would come under a
653 prohibition in the South Pacific Nuclear Free Zone?

654 Mr. MCNAMARA. The activities--one of the efforts that is
655 underway right now is to define all of these details with
656 respect to the first, second, and third protocols, and to
657 get a statement of U.S. Government position with respect to
658 our interpretation of those protocols and present them here
659 to the Congress and discuss them in detail as necessary and
660 in particular in connection with the signature when that
661 signature goes forward in 1996. In advance of and
662 subsequent, we will be prepared to discuss this and other
663 issues here with the Congress.

664 I can state, and it also responds to the point you made in
665 your opening statement that not only present but also future
666 activities are being considered in our decision--have been
667 considered in our decision to go ahead and to sign the

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668 protocols. Therefore, we do not believe that we would be
669 inhibited from performing any activities or undertaking any
670 actions that we either would like to do or expect to do in
671 the future.

672 Mr. BEREUTER. And that includes--

673 Mr. MCNAMARA. So we do not feel that we would be inhibite
674 in carrying out our responsibilities for the defense of the
675 United States and our cooperative relationships with other
676 nations.

677 Mr. BEREUTER. And within that statement, you are includin
678 the Kwajalein Atoll and the activities that take place
679 there?

680 Mr. MCNAMARA. Correct.

681 Mr. BEREUTER. In your judgement, why did the French
682 government shift its position on the South Pacific Nuclear
683 Free Zone, and what impact, if any, did the French shift
684 have on our own U.S. stance?

685 Mr. MCNAMARA. I would rather--I would be cautious in
686 stating why I think the French changed their position. I
687 think that is best left to the French government. I believe
688 some of the factors that played a role in that were first
689 the French decision before making a decision with respect to
690 the South Pacific Nuclear Free Zone to support a
691 comprehensive test ban, and secondly the French decision to
692 support a comprehensive test ban in 1996 and therefore the

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693 expectation certainly must have been there that any testing
694 that France intended or would intend to do would have to
695 come to an end in a very short term, namely by 1996. Given
696 that situation, it is not surprising that they would then be
697 willing to sign on to the protocols, particularly the
698 protocol which would say that they would no longer be able
699 to test.

700 As far as the United States' decision, as I said, there
701 were a number of global and regional matters that changed in
702 recent years.

703 Mr. BEREUTER. I was going to ask you what the changes are
704 that caused the U.S. to shift its position in support of the
705 South Pacific Nuclear Free Zone.

706 Mr. MCNAMARA. Well, I would mention that we have not been
707 opposed to the South Pacific Nuclear Free Zone. We simply
708 were concerned given the situation in the world. This was
709 during the Cold War, and subsequently that we be very
710 careful about signing on to the South Pacific Nuclear Free
711 Zone, although our activities in that zone as we pointed out
712 were not inconsistent with the treaty and its protocols.

713 Mr. BEREUTER. We may not have been opposed. I will accept
714 your statement on that.

715 Mr. MCNAMARA. Right.

716 Mr. BEREUTER. But we chose not to become a signator and it
717 was only in October, I think on the 20th, when the decision

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718 was made--

719 Mr. MCNAMARA. That is right.

720 Mr. BEREUTER. --that we intended to sign.

721 Mr. MCNAMARA. The most important factors as I mentioned in
722 my statement had to do with the permanent extension of the
723 Non-Proliferation Treaty in March and the position of the
724 United States Government and the success that we have had in
725 advancing a negotiation of a Comprehensive Test Ban, which
726 has been going forward. Right now, we have every expectation
727 that we would be able to complete it by next year.

728 Those two factors were very important in our decision to
729 join with the British and the French in announcing signature
730 in the first half of 1996.

731 Mr. BEREUTER. Secretary McNamara, the Southeast Asian
732 countries have a Nuclear Free Zone proposal commonly
733 referred to as the Southeast Asia Nuclear Weapons Free Zone,
734 pronounced "'spin-fizz.'" Why is the South Pacific Nuclear
735 Free Zone in the U.S. interest while the Southeast Asia
736 Nuclear Weapons Free Zone is not, and what are the U.S.
737 criteria in determining whether or not we support nuclear
738 free proposals?

739 Mr. MCNAMARA. Well, we have not yet determined that the
740 Southeast Asia Nuclear Weapons Free Zone is not in our
741 interest.

742 Mr. BEREUTER. We have not?

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743 Mr. MCNAMARA. No, we have not. We have some concerns about
744 the current text, but I would point out that the negotiation
745 among the states in the region of that zone has not yet been
746 completed. In fact, this week we have a delegation in
747 Southeast Asia talking to the states in the region
748 specifically about the current draft of that treaty. If all
749 of our concerns, and as you mentioned, the criteria that we
750 have laid out with respect to nuclear weapon free zones, if
751 these concerns and these criteria can be met, then I would
752 expect that in due course we would not oppose the Southeast
753 Asia Nuclear Free Zone.

754 Mr. BEREUTER. Secretary McNamara, what are the criteria?
755 Do you have those?

756 Mr. MCNAMARA. Well, there are seven of them, and I think I
757 can either read them out here or I can put them as a
758 statement in the record.

759 Mr. BEREUTER. If you could list the title or the sentence
760 which gives it, it will put the entire statement of the
761 criteria in the record.

762 Mr. MCNAMARA. Fine. Let me make sure I get the--the first
763 of them is that the nuclear free zones should be undertaken
764 by, really entered into and undertaken by the states in the
765 region. The second is that all the states that are deemed
766 important to the success of such a zone should participate
767 in the zone. The third is that the adequate verification and

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768 compliance of the zone must be provided for. The fourth is
769 that existing security arrangements should not be disturbed
770 by such a zone. The next is that the zone arrangement should
771 effectively prohibit the development of nuclear explosive
772 devices. The next is that the zone should not affect the
773 rights of parties for transit and the privileges of transit
774 in international waters, and air space, including that of
775 nuclear powered and nuclear capable vessels and aircraft,
776 and finally that the zone arrangement should not seek to
777 impose restrictions on the freedom of the high seas or that
778 of innocent passage in international waters, international
779 straits, etc.

780 Mr. BEREUTER. Is there more information elaborating on
781 those seven points?

782 Mr. MCNAMARA. That is right.

783 Mr. BEREUTER. Without objection, we will make that a part
784 of the hearing record, the entire statement about the seven
785 criteria.

786 Mr. MCNAMARA. The seven criteria. Correct.

787 Mr. BEREUTER. Finally, Secretary McNamara, I believe that
788 one of the concerns about U.S. agreement to nuclear free
789 zones is the expected or potential proliferation of such
790 agreements and the inhibition or limitations that will have
791 on our nuclear deterrent. Would you care to comment about
792 why that was not a factor in our endorsement and expectation

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793 for signing the South Pacific Nuclear Free Zone Treaty?

794 Mr. MCNAMARA. Well, I would say, Mr. Chairman, that in the
795 consideration of all nuclear free zones, that is a
796 consideration, a very important consideration. In the past,
797 we have, in fact in each instance when these regional zones
798 have been proposed and/or negotiated, we have applied the
799 criteria, if you will, or the question rather, as to how it
800 might affect U.S. defense and deterrents.

801 In the case of the Latin American Nuclear Free Zone, we
802 first of all supported and signed the protocols with respect
803 to that zone precisely because we thought that that would
804 first be consistent with our defense policies and our
805 deterrent policies and also that we thought in fact it would
806 enhance those. In the case of the South Pacific Nuclear Free
807 Zone, we believe that also is the case. That is our
808 evaluation. In the case of the Southeast Asian Free Zone, we
809 are still considering that and will make a judgement before
810 we would at any point decide either to support the zone or
811 to sign any protocols that may result.

812 That is also equally the case with the other nuclear free
813 zone that is now under discussion, and that is the African
814 Nuclear Free Zone.

815 Mr. BEREUTER. I hope there will be some consultation with
816 Congress.

817 Mr. Faleomavaega.

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818 Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. Thank you, Mr. Chairman, and I want to
819 thank Secretary McNamara for his statement.

820 Mr. Secretary, I just want to pursue the Chairman's
821 earlier question about the overflights. I am somewhat a
822 little puzzled. You are saying that through diplomatic
823 procedures, this is how the French have been authorized for
824 all this time to conduct these overflights of their
825 aircrafts and not questioning whether there are fissile or
826 radioactive materials in these flights?

827 Mr. MCNAMARA. First of all, they are done on a
828 case-by-case basis and in each case, there is such a query
829 and the French have only responded in one instance
830 indicating that there was hazardous material. The hazardous
831 material, as I mentioned, was not nuclear material nor
832 material related to nuclear activities.

833 This is the standard practice. It is the same practice
834 that the French apply when the United States applies to
835 overfly French territory. There is a form that is filled out
836 that in fact asks the question.

837 Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. But this is almost like saying do not
838 ask the question. It just--

839 Mr. MCNAMARA. Oh, the question is asked, sir.

840 Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. And they are committed and they are
841 supposed to be--

842 Mr. MCNAMARA. Right.

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843 Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. And they do detail exactly what is
844 contained in these aircraft?

845 Mr. MCNAMARA. If there is a hazardous material, then we
846 would expect them to detail it and--

847 Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. Because it would be a violation of our
848 laws?

849 Mr. MCNAMARA. That is correct.

850 Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. So for all this time, these materials
851 that have been flown over our airspace has been as far as
852 you are concerned have been in compliance with our laws as
853 far as nuclear issues and materials are concerned?

854 Mr. MCNAMARA. As far as we know, they are in full
855 compliance, yes.

856 Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. I go back to the question of why are we
857 having to wait until May of next year to sign off on the
858 protocols? It seems to me, Mr. Secretary, that Chirac is
859 just telling Majors and President Clinton, "This is what I
860 want done, and you guys just follow." Why are we having to
861 wait until France completes its testing program in May? I
862 mean, what global or regional concerns do we have that we
863 have to wait until May to sign off on these protocols?

864 Mr. MCNAMARA. I think the answer there is not that we have
865 global concerns that cause us to wait until next May. It is
866 rather that we and our close allies, France and Great
867 Britain, have agreed to sign these protocols and in agreeing

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868 to sign them, it is very clear that the most important
869 signature among the three of us is that of France.

870 The United States is doing nothing in the region which is
871 contrary to the treaty or the protocols, Great Britain is
872 doing nothing the region which is contrary to the treaty or
873 the protocols, and France is testing. When France brings its
874 testing program to an end in the first half of 1996 and
875 signs the protocols, we will have achieved something very
876 concrete and very important in terms of closing down testing
877 in that region.

878 Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. You do not consider China, Pakistan,
879 India, Israel as other countries that should be part of
880 these important steps in non-proliferation of nuclear
881 weapons?

882 Mr. MCNAMARA. Oh, I most certainly do, sir. I would point
883 out that none of those countries are testing in the region.
884 The only country that is testing in the region is France,
885 and that puts France in the position where its signature on
886 those protocols is of great importance to the success of the
887 treaty and the protocols, and that has been our goal and
888 objective moving in this direction. To make sure that--as I
889 said, one of our criteria is that all of the countries in
890 the region, whatever that region may be, participate. France
891 has territory in the region and will be signing the
892 protocols and will the United States and Great Britain.

893 Because it has been testing in the region, its signature is
894 of particular importance.

895 Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. I noticed that the Nixon and the Reagan
896 administrations have been responsible for our country to
897 become a signor to the nuclear free zone treaty in South
898 America. Do you find that treaty any different from what we
899 are signing for the SPNFZ?

900 Mr. MCNAMARA. Essentially, they are very similar. There
901 are different--each one of these zones when they are set up,
902 each treaty is slightly different. I will give one
903 particular difference, for example, in the case of the South
904 Pacific and the Latin American zones. The South Pacific
905 specifically has a section, an article, with respect to
906 dumping nuclear waste in the seas within the zone. I do not
907 believe that that provision exists in the case of the Latin
908 American. Therefore, that is a difference.

909 Essentially, they are very similar, but each one must be
910 looked at insofar as if it is individually written. It
911 contains certain legal language and legal requirements which
912 the United States, once it signs, would be observing and
913 forced to observe. Therefore, we have a duty and an
914 obligation to examine each one on a case-by-case basis
915 because they are each slightly different in certain
916 respects.

917 Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. There was also some concern about the

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918 use of the territory of American Samoa that this might be a
919 restriction for our ability to store nuclear weapons if we
920 have to. Was that the same restriction that we had in the
921 Latin American treaty towards Puerto Rico and the Virgin
922 Islands?

923 Mr. MCNAMARA. In fact, it would be a similar concern that
924 would have to be addressed in the case of the signature in
925 both cases. I believe, but I am not certain, that we
926 exempted Puerto Rico when we signed onto the Latin American
927 Nuclear Free Zone.

928 Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. Mr. Secretary, have the French ever
929 approached our government and wanting to--was the
930 administration surprised in the outrage of some 168
931 countries of the world that protested when President Chirac
932 decided in June to resume nuclear testing in the Pacific
933 region? I mean, you keep saying that you regret this, you
934 regret that, but it does not seem to take much weight in
935 terms of how concerned are we really with the welfare of
936 these people that live in the Pacific Region and why they
937 have, not just in the Pacific but from all over the world--do
938 you suppose that this is the reason why France has decided
939 that they had better rush the nuclear testing program before
940 it gets worse as far as their ties and relations with these
941 countries that have vociferously protested, not just here
942 but even in Europe?

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943 Mr. MCNAMARA. Well, again, you are asking me to express ar
944 opinion and the reasons behind an action by another
945 government, the government of France. I would refrain from
946 doing that. I think some of the considerations that
947 undoubtedly must have played a role and therefore been a
948 factor, but I am not sure how the government of France
949 evaluated them, would be such considerations as domestic
950 protest, international protest, the position of the United
951 States, which was that we regretted the testing and that we
952 thought it should be ended and that we felt a continuation
953 of the nuclear testing moratorium by all of the nuclear
954 powers was the best course of action.

955 I think as a democratic state and a democratic nation that
956 responds to such pressures, all of these must have been
957 factors, and I would leave it to the French government to
958 explain its own reasons for why it did what it did.

959 Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. So we are now doing very strong and
960 close cooperation with the French government? This is the
961 same government that kicked the United States out of France
962 when it decided to pull out of NATO. How do you suppose--how
963 much trust would we really put in a country that later on
964 with its own security reasons that they refused to cooperate
965 with some of the security problems that we had in Europe
966 during the Cold War? What makes you think that France is not
967 going to pull the same rug again for our security concerns

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968 in the Pacific Region? Here we are playing footsies with
969 them right now, but what makes you think that they are going
970 to continue cooperating with us on other issues that effect
971 not only our security but certainly for the region as well
972 as throughout the world?

973 Mr. MCNAMARA. I think the reason that I feel that France
974 will continue to cooperate with us on our security is that
975 for the last 40 years it has been a close ally and partner
976 of the United States, bi-laterally and in the NATO alliance.
977 France--I would take exception--did not kick the United States
978 out of France. Indeed, I was in France at the time that the
979 NATO forces were moved out of France. France at no time
980 removed itself from the NATO alliance. It was still a
981 cooperating partner in that alliance. It simply separated
982 itself from the miliary command structure of the NATO
983 alliance for reasons that were fully explained to us.

984 While we regretted at the time that that was done by the
985 French government, nonetheless we were able to continue a
986 very close and cooperative association with France
987 throughout the period since the end of the second World War.
988 Indeed, throughout the 19th and 20th centuries, 200 years or
989 more, they have been a close ally of the United States. I
990 expect that they will continue to be one.

991 They have opinions, attitudes, and policies that sometimes
992 are at variance with that of the United States, but that is

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993 true of all allies. That does not mean that we therefore
994 should distrust France. Rather I would think that the
995 practices of the last 40 years have made the relationship
996 between France and the United States that much better.

997 Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. Is it true, Mr. Secretary--correct my
998 history--that did not President deGaulle at one time demand
999 that U.S. forces be taken out of France in two months, and
1000 our response to his request was "'Does that also include the
1001 10,000 men or soldiers who are buried there in France in
1002 liberating them against the Nazi Germans in World War II?'"

1003 Mr. MCNAMARA. As I said, I was in France at the time the
1004 NATO forces were asked to leave French territory unless they
1005 were under French command, and because the command structure
1006 in NATO was not structured the way the French wishes to see
1007 it, the NATO forces left France. I am not familiar with the
1008 comment. I have seen it quoted but I cannot verify that it
1009 was or was not.

1010 Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

1011 Mr. BEREUTER. You are welcome. Thank you very much.

1012 Secretary McNamara, thank you very much for your testimony
1013 today and your responses to our questions. I would like an
1014 opportunity for members of this subcommittee to have a
1015 chance to send written questions. There is an emergency
1016 conference meeting for the Republican party at this point,
1017 or we would have members here probably from our side and

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1018 | probably some from the Democratic side as well. Thank you
1019 | very much for your testimony.

1020 | Mr. MCNAMARA. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

1021 | Mr. BEREUTER. I would like to call the second panel to the
1022 | table. I think they are approaching it now.

1023 | I have already introduced with very brief biographical
1024 | materials the three witnesses on the second panel. I think
1025 | we will proceed in the order that they are listed. That
1026 | would mean our first witness in the second panel would be
1027 | the Honorable William Bodde, Jr., Senior Advisor, Pacific
1028 | Basin Economic Counsel.

1029 | Ambassador Bodde, it is nice to see you once again. It has
1030 | not been long since you were before this subcommittee on a
1031 | previous different subject, I think just last week.

1032 | Welcome to all three of you. Your entire statements will
1033 | be made a part of the record. You may proceed. Take five,
1034 | six, seven minutes to read or summarize your remarks. I know
1035 | that in the case of the material from Greenpeace, it is very
1036 | extensive, so I particularly will need your summary, Mr.
1037 | Handler.

1038 | Ambassador Bodde, please proceed.